



Australian Horticulture Statistics Handbook Nuts

2017/18

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Communications Manager Horticulture Innovation Australia Limited Level 8, 1 Chifley Square Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

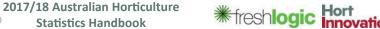
Email: communications@horticulture.com.au

Phone: 02 8295 2300

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This Handbook is an analysis that combines all available data on production, international trade, processing volumes and fresh market distribution in order to produce statistics on 75 horticultural categories over the year ending 30 June 2018.

Summary of Approach

The Handbook adopts a modelling approach that centres on determining the fresh market value and volume for each category, that reconciles production with local and international distribution channel throughputs. Fresh market supply volume is determined as follows:

Fresh Supply = Production - Fresh Exports - Processing + Fresh Imports

- Farm gate production quantity has been informed through a number of sources, including Hort Innovation funded data projects, horticultural government levy data where available, and refined through consultation with informed industry bodies. The corresponding value of production is calculated from wholesale pricing information, before removing known logistical, marketing and wholesale costs to reflect product value at the farm gate.
- Export and import trade volume and value is based on Australian Customs data as reported in IHS Global Trade Atlas data.
- Processing data has been obtained through consultation with industry processors¹.

See pages 16 and 17 under 'research method' for a detailed description on this Handbook's methodology.

2017/18 Australian Horticulture

Statistics Handbook

This publication covers the year ending 30 June 2018 and examines the production and distribution of horticulture products. Some of the key influences on horticultural production and distribution over this period are summarised below.

Production conditions recovered from the previous year's disruptions with impacts most apparent on the supply of fresh vegetables. Some fruit and berry crops were adversely impacted by unseasonal frosts. In these conditions the wholesale value per kg of fresh fruit and vegetables supplied to the local market decreased by 2.0% to \$2.42 per kg.

The supply of product into the domestic food market is influenced by the conditions in the retail channel. The drivers of these conditions which were centred on expanding retail entrants, growth in direct to home channels and increases in eating away from home, all combined to lift the level of retail competition.

Total fresh horticulture exports were valued at \$2.15 billion in 2017/18, 6% higher than the previous year. The increase in export value was primarily driven by citrus exports, with cherries, summerfruit, walnuts and carrots also showing strong growth.

Export market optimism has continued to flow into business confidence and is now reflected in the value associated to those with export market exposure.

¹Note that the \$ value of processing volumes has not been included in the analysis.









Table of Contents

Introduction

introduction	
Abbreviations	
Definitions	
How to use this book	
Research Method	
Data Sharing—List of Proje	cts . 20
International Tr	ade
Total Imports	22
Total Exports	
Fresh Imports by region	24
Fresh Exports by region	26
Fresh Imports by state	28
Fresh Exports by state	30
Data Tables	
Production	32
Value of Production	34
Volume of Fresh Exports	36
Value of Fresh Exports	38
Volume of Fresh Imports	40
Value of Fresh Imports	42
Fresh Supply	44
Wholesale Value	46
All Horticultu	re
Horticulture Overview	48
Fruit	
Category Overview	52
Apples	
Avocados	
Bananas	66
Berries Overview	70
Blueberries	
Rubus Berries	78
Strawberries	84
Cherries	90
Citrus Fruit Overview	96
Grapefruit	98
Lemons/Limes	104
Mandarins	
Oranges	
Custard Apples	
Kiwifruit	126
Lychees	122

Mangoes136
Melons Overview142
Muskmelons144
Watermelons150
Nashi156
Passionfruit160
Papaya/Pawpaw164
Pears170
Persimmons176
Pineapples182
Summerfruit Overview186
Apricots188
Nectarines/Peaches194
Plums200
Table Grapes206
Dried Grapes212
Prunes216
Other Dried Tree Fruit220
Canning Fruit224
Olives228
Vegetables
vereranie?

0
Category Overview232
Artichokes234
Asparagus240
Beans246
Beetroot252
Broccoli/Baby Broccoli258
Brussels Sprouts264
Cabbages270
Capsicums276
Carrots282
Cauliflowers288
Celery292
Chilies296
Cucumbers302
Eggplants308
Eng, Spinach/Silverbeet/Kale . 314
Fresh Herbs Overview320
Fennel322
Parsley and other Herbs326
Garlic330
Ginger336
Head Lettuces342

Zucchini	414
Tomatoes	
Sweetpotatoes	402
Sweet Corn	398
Pumpkins	
Potatoes	
Peas	380
Parsnips	376
Onions	370
Mushrooms	364
Leeks	358
Leafy Salad Vegetables	352
Leary Asian Vegetables	.346

Nuts

Category Overview	.418
Almonds	420
Chestnuts	426
Hazelnuts	430
Macadamias	436
Pecans	442
Pistachios	448
Walnuts	454

Other Categories

Category Overview	.460
Cut Flowers	462
Nursery	468
Turf	474

2017/18 Australian Horticulture

Statistics Handbook 15/03/2019

Availability of valid statistical information is a key enabler across horticulture. The Australian Horticulture Statistics Handbook for the year ending 30 June 2018, is presented by Horticulture Innovation Australia for the purpose of consolidating horticulture statistical information for use by horticulture industry members and other stakeholders.

The information sources for this publication have drawn on data available from the Australian Bureau of Statistics, Hort Innovation funded projects, international trade sources and horticulture industry representative bodies (IRBs) where available. In this publication these sources have been expanded to include and draw on household consumption and local market distribution channel information, as assessed by Freshlogic, to provide a reconciled profile of each supply chain.

Note that 'Imports by state destination' refers to the final destination of the product. 'Exports by state of production origin' refers to the state of origin where that product was produced.

Where additional information has led to a change in the previously quoted value from the 2016/17 edition for a category, this has been noted on the page of the relevant category.

This edition of the Handbook is made available electronically via the Hort Innovation website, at www.horticulture.com.au

Hort Innovation will evaluate the uptake and usage of the Handbook to ensure that future editions are delivered according to user needs.

Any comments regarding the Handbook should be forwarded to Hort Innovation at: feedback@horticulture.com.au

The 2017/18 Handbook has been compiled by Freshlogic.





Abbreviations

Definitions

% increase/decrease this year compared to last year % YoY **Australian Dollars**

Śb Billion Australian Dollars Śm Million Australian Dollars 2017/18 Year ending 30 June 2018 **ABS** Australian Bureau of Statistics

CIF Cost of Insurance and Freight (a measure of import value)

Free On Board (a measure of export value) **FOB**

Grams

Global Trade Atlas **GTA**

Kilograms kg

KWE Kernel Weight Equivalent

ha Hectares

ISWE In-Shell Weight Equivalent

Litres

 m^2 Metres squared (a measure of area)

 $m m^2$ Million metres squared (a measure of area)

Mega Litres (1 million litres) ML

Not Available N/A

Tonnes (1 thousand kilograms)

States	Countries

Papua New Guinea **NSW** New South Wales **PNG** NT Northern Territory UAE United Arab Emirates **United Kingdom** VIC Victoria UK

United States of America OLD Queensland US

SA South Australia

TAS Tasmania

Western Australia WA

Category—A particular horticultural commodity (e.g. bananas), or in some cases a combination of like commodities (e.g. the category 'rubus berries' covers raspberries and blackberries and other rubus).

Production—The volume in tonnes of the category that was grown in Australia over the year. This refers to production which was sold by the producer, either to the Australian fresh or processing markets, or to international trade markets. This does not cover any production that was not harvested, nor does it refer to any other forms of production of the category that do not enter these markets.

Value of Production—Sometimes referred to as 'Farm Gate Value,' this is the value of the production received by the producer.

Processing Volume—The volume in tonnes of the category that was sent to be processed, such as juicing, freezing or preserving.

Fresh Exports—The volume in tonnes of the production that was exported in a fresh form to other countries. Due to the way trade information is recorded, this may include some dried products, and will be marked as such where appropriate.

Value of Fresh Exports—The value in million dollars of the category's fresh exports.

This is recorded in FOB (Free on Board) dollars.

Fresh Imports—The volume in tonnes of the category that was imported into Australia from another country in a fresh form.

Value of Fresh Imports—The value in million dollars of the category's fresh imports. This is recorded in CIF (Cost of Insurance and Freight) dollars.

Fresh Supply—The volume in tonnes of the category that was available to the Australian market in a fresh form. Volume supplied to the fresh market is typically either sold at retail or supplied to food service outlets.

Wholesale Value—The value in million dollars of the fresh supply at a wholesale market level, inclusive of net international trade flows. Note that the Wholesale value is distinct from the Gross Value of Production tracked by the ABS, as that measure includes value of processing and exported product, and does not include imported product.

In-Shell (Nut categories) —A measure of volume that includes the weight of the inedible shell around the kernel.

Kernel (*Nut categories*) —A measure of volume that only includes the edible kernel. Crack Out Yield (Nut categories) —The percentage of edible kernel obtained from the in-shell volume during the cracking process.



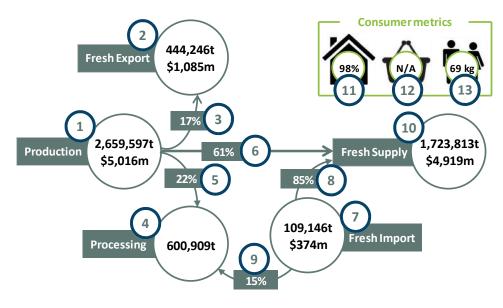


How to use this book

This section outlines how to interpret the various graphs, tables and supply chain models used to profile each of the horticultural commodities covered in this handbook.

Fresh supply chain—Fruit and Vegetables

This example supply chain outlines the flow of a fruit or vegetable category over the year ending June 2018. It contains the following elements:



- 1. **Production**. This is the volume of the category grown in Australia over the year ending June 2018. This profiles the **Production** (volume in tonnes), as well as the value in million dollars obtained by the producers i.e. the **Value of Production**, sometimes known as the farm gate value.
- **2. Fresh Exports**. The volume in tonnes of the production that was exported in a fresh form, and the value in million dollars received.
- **3. Export Share**. The percentage share of production that was exported.

How to use this book

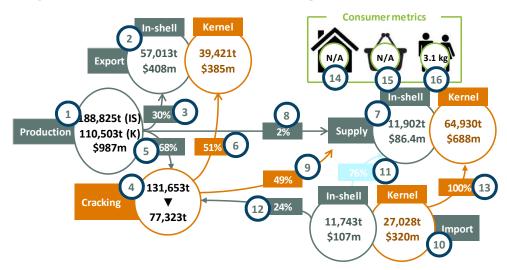
- **4. Processing**. The volume in tonnes of the production that was sent to be processed (such as juicing, freezing or preserving etc).
- **5. Processing Share**. The percentage share of production that was processed.
- **6. Fresh Supply Share**. The percentage share of production that was sent to the Australian fresh market.
- 7. Fresh Imports. The volume in tonnes of the category that was imported in a fresh format from another country, and the value in million dollars paid to import.
- **8. Import Fresh Supply Share**. The percentage share of fresh imports that was sent to the Australian fresh market.
- **9. Import Processing Share**. The percentage share of fresh imports that was sent to be processed.
- 10. Fresh Supply. The volume of the category available to the Australian fresh market. It includes both Production that was sold into the fresh market, as well as Fresh Imports that were sold into the fresh market. This profiles the Fresh Supply (volume in tonnes), and the Wholesale Value in million dollars, which is the value of the Fresh Supply at a wholesale market level.
- 11. Household Penetration. The percentage of Australian households who bought the category at least once at retail, to be consumed either in or out of the home, over the year ending June 2018. 'Out of home' consumption is food prepared away from the home typically via food service channels and not prepared from ingredients purchased via retail.
- **12. Average Purchase Quantity**. The average quantity purchased at retail per shopping trip by Australian households over the year ending June 2018. A shopping trip refers to a trip where this category is purchased.
- **13. Fresh Supply per Capita**. The volume of fresh supply available to the Australian population, on a per capita basis.



How to use this book

Supply chain—Nuts & Olives

This example supply chain outlines the flow of a nut category over the year ending June 2018. Because nuts are sold both in an In-Shell and Kernel format, the nut supply chain profiles both elements, indicated by *green* for *In-Shell* and orange for Kernel. The chain contains the following elements:



- **Production**. This is the volume of the category grown in Australia over the 1. year ending June 2018. This profiles the **Production** (volume in tonnes), in both *In-Shell* (written in *green* and denoted by *IS*) and the *Kernel* equivalent of this volume after cracking (written in *orange* and denoted by K), as well as the value in million dollars obtained by the producers i.e. the Value of Production.
- **Exports**. The volume in tonnes of the production that was exported, and the value in million dollars received. This profiles both *In-Shell* exports and Kernel exports.
- In-Shell Export Share. The percentage share of In-Shell production that was exported.
- Cracking. The volume in tonnes of the *In-Shell* production and imported *In-***Shell** product that was sent to be cracked so as to produce kernel. This profiles both the *In-Shell* volume in, and the *Kernel* volume out.

2017/18 Australian Horticulture

Statistics Handbook

- Cracking Share. The percentage share of In-Shell production that was 5. cracked.
- Kernel Export Share. The percentage share of cracked Kernel that was exported.
- **Supply**. This is the volume of the category available to the Australian 7. market. It includes both Production that was sold into the market, as well as Imports that were sold into the market. This profiles the **Supply** (volume in tonnes), and the Wholesale Value in million dollars, which is the value of the Supply at a wholesale market level. It covers both *In-Shell* and *Kernel* supply.
- In-Shell Supply Share. The volume in tonnes of the In-Shell Production that 8. was supplied to the market.
- **Kernel Supply Share**. The volume in tonnes of cracked **Kernel** that was 9. supplied to the market.
- **Imports**. The volume in tonnes of the category that was imported from 10. another country, and the value in million dollars paid to import. Profiles both *In-Shell* and *Kernel* imports.
- *In-Shell* Import Supply Share. The percentage share of *In-Shell* imports that was sent to the Australian market.
- *In-Shell* Import Cracking Share. The percentage share of *In-Shell* imports 12. that was sent to be cracked.
- **Kernel Import Supply Share.** The percentage share of **Kernel** imports that **13**. was sent to the Australian market.
- Household Penetration. The percentage of Australian households who 14. bought the category at least once at retail, to be consumed either in or out of the home, over the year ending June 2018. See page 11 for full definition.
- Average Purchase Quantity. The average quantity purchased at retail per shopping trip by Australian households over the year ending June 2018. A shopping trip refers to a trip where this category is purchased.
- Fresh Supply per capita. The volume of fresh supply available to the Australian population.

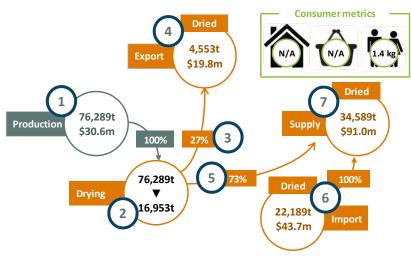
Note that olives (fruit) uses the same supply chain format as nuts. However, instead of an in-shell form, the supply chain refers to table olives, and instead of a kernel form, the supply chain refers to olive oil. The term "Cracking" is also replaced with "Oil Production".



How to use this book

Processed supply chain—Dried/Canned Fruit

This example supply chain outlines the flow of the three dried/canned fruit categories over the year ending June 2018. It contains the following elements:



- **Production**. The volume of the category grown in Australia over the year 1. ending June 2018. This profiles the Fresh Production (written in green) and as well as the value in million dollars obtained by the producers i.e. the Value of Production.
- **Drying/Canning**. The volume in tonnes of the *Fresh* production that was 2. sent to be processed. This profiles both the Fresh volume in, and the **Processed** volume out (written in **orange**).
- **Export Share**. The percentage share of *Processing* that was exported.
- **Dried/Canned Exports**. The volume in tonnes of the **Processing** that was exported in a *Processed* form, and the value in million dollars received.
- **Supply Share**. The percentage share of **Processing** that was sold locally.
- **Dried/Canned Imports.** The volume in tonnes of imported **Processed** product, and the value in million dollars paid to import.
- Supply. This profiles the Supply (volume in tonnes), and the Wholesale 7. Value in million dollars, which is the value of the Supply at a wholesale market level. It includes both **Processed** production that was sold into the market, as well as **Processed** Imports that were sold into the market.

2017/18 Australian Horticulture

Statistics Handbook

Data Tables

These tables are provided for each category. They profile key elements over the last three years (for the years ending June 2016, June 2017 and June 2018), as well as the percentage change in value year on year. They contain:

Year Ending June	2016		2016 2017		2018			
real Eliulig Julie	\	/alue	Value 9		% YoY	Value		% YoY
Production (t)		7,660		11,887	+55%		16,850	+42%
Production (\$m)	\$	149.6	\$	245.1	+64%	\$	309.0	+26%
Production area (Ha)		1,250		1,375	+10%		<i>1,37</i> 5	-
Fresh Export Volume (t)		254		356	+40%		221	-38%
Fresh Export Value (\$m)	\$	5.2	\$	8.5	+62%	\$	4.4	-48%
Fresh Import Volume (t)		1,432		1,211	-15%		1,234	+2%
Fresh Import Value (\$m)	\$	29.8	\$	27.1	-9%	\$	29.5	+9%
Fresh Supply (t)		7,939		11,811	+49%		16,401	+39%
Fresh Supply Wholesale Value (\$m)	\$	210.9	\$	317.1	+50%	\$	394.4	+24%
Supply per Capita (kg)		0.33		0.48	+46%		0.66	+37%

- **Production**. The volume of the category grown in Australia.
- **Value of Production**. The value of the production over the year.
- **Production Area/Number of Trees/Vines**. A measure of the growing area of the category (in hectares), or the number of trees/vines used to grow the category over the year. This data has been gathered from the Australian Bureau of Statistics Agricultural Statistics information, the largest survey of growers available. This information has been included for indicative purposes only, and should be viewed as such.
- **Export Volume and Value**. The volume in tonnes and the value in million dollars of the category exported in a fresh form over the year.
- **Import Volume and Value**. The volume in tonnes and the value in million dollars of the category imported in a fresh form over the year.
- **Supply**. The volume in tonnes of the category made available to the local Australian fresh market, including locally grown product and imported fresh product.
- Wholesale Value. The value in million dollars of the supply at a wholesale market level.
- **Supply per capita**. The volume available to the Australian public. Calculated as the volume supply divided by the population for the year.



Research Method

Overview

This publication has gathered all available horticultural information and aligned it into supply chain profiles for each of the horticultural categories covered. The approach for each horticultural category has been to quantify available production, volumes processed, volumes exported and imported, and to then confirm that the resulting fresh volume supplied aligns with the Australian market distribution channels (primarily the retail and foodservice channels). This volume of fresh supply available to the Australian fresh marketplace is defined using the equation:

Fresh Supply = Production - Fresh Exports - Processing + Fresh Imports

The distribution channel modelling has drawn upon Freshlogic's THRUChain modelling system to ensure that fresh supply accommodates the sum volumes distributed by retail and food service channels. In the process of this modelling, information has been gathered from a number of supply chain sources and aligned with household consumer purchase metrics. The primary outputs are designed around aligned supply chains that map the distribution of total production. This design was used to deliver the most informed and accurate profiles and the outputs have been further confirmed by conferring with Industry Representative Bodies. The larger Industry Representative Bodies have advanced supply chain information systems in place and the outputs from these systems have been accessed to provide data inputs and validate findings.

In calculating the **production** and **volume processed**, a number of data sources have been relied upon. Where available and in most instances, this has been guided by information from Australian government horticultural levies, and refined through consultation with the Industry Representative Bodies and major trading stakeholders (such as processors, wholesalers and distributors) for the particular category.

Information on Australia's imports and exports of fresh and processed horticultural commodities has been compiled using the Global Trade Atlas®, an online global trade information database owned and operated by IHS Markit. Information on Australian trade in the Global Trade Atlas® has been compiled

from information provided to the Australian Customs and Border Protection Service. The Import and Export analysis tables for each category identify the import source country under "Imports by country" and the export destination country under "Export by country".

Information on wholesale value has been modelled using wholesale pricing information from Ausmarket Consultants and the Chamber of Fruit and Vegetable Industries in Western Australia. This information has been used to define the Value of Production by removing known logistical, marketing and wholesale costs to calculate the value of categories to producers at farm gate.

Consumer information including percent of households purchasing a category, and average purchase quantities, has been sourced from Freshlogic's MealpulseTM consumer survey and *DocketData*TM systems. Supply per capita has been calculated as total volume of fresh supply divided by population for the year ending June 2018 according to the ABS. The number of occupied households is assumed at 9.01 million and the population at 24.9 million for the 2017/18 year*.

Data on **production area** and **number of trees** has been gathered from Industry Representative Bodies and the ABS Agricultural Commodities publications**. This information has been included for indicative purposes only, and should be viewed as such.

Information on major growing regions has been sourced both from the ABS Agricultural statistics, and through consultation with the major Industry Representative Bodies. These sources have also been used to profile seasonality and production volumes by state and by main variety of the category. Note the information on volume by state and main variety has been included for illustrative purposes, and actual volumes may be within 10-25% of the listed volume.

Throughout the document when data sources have been relied upon, this has been noted. Some of the more common sources have been abbreviated. The full list of sources has been provided on pages 18 and 19.

*ABS, Australian Demographic Statistics cat. no. 3101.0



^{**}ABS, Agricultural Commodities cat. no. 7121.0

Research Method

Common Data Sources

Abbreviation	Data Source	Further information			
ABS	Agricultural Commodities, Australian Bureau of Statistics	Information from Agricultural Commodities cat. no. 7121.0, 2016-17, 2015-16, 2014-15 and 2013-14 editions has been compiled. Australian Demographic Statistics cat. I 3101.0 June 2018 edition. 2016 Census of Population and Housing			
AC	Ausmarket Consultants	Wholesale pricing information from the Adelaide, Brisbane, Melbourne and Sydney wholesale markets.			
Chamber of Fruit and Vegetable Industries of Western Australia		Wholesale pricing information from the Perth wholesale market.			
Freshlogic Analysis	THRUChain analysis— Freshlogic	Supply chain modelling system that aligns the volumes of production and international trade with the volumes distributed through processing and all domestic market channels.			
GTA	IHS —Global Trade Atlas®	www.gtis.com/gta			

Abbreviation	Data Source	Further information
IRB	Industry Representative Bodies	Consultation with informed bodies to ensure information reconciles. The abbreviation 'IRB' is listed where multiple industry bodies were contacted for a category/group. Where one industry body was contacted for an individual category, the relevant name is listed.
MP & DD	Mealpulse TM panel and DocketData TM	Freshlogic operated information gathering tools that provide the detail of household purchasing behaviours and a basis to reconcile supply with Australian market distribution channels.







Data sharing-List of projects

Data sharing-List of projects

List of projects

In addition to common data sources, a number of Hort Innovation funded projects have provided data outputs which have informed the information provided in this handbook. These are outlined in the table below. Hort Innovation would like to acknowledge their input

Project Code	Project Title
AL16003 (Almonds)	Australian Almond Industry Statistics
AP16002 (Apple/Pear)	Apple and Pear Crop Estimates
AV16006 (Avocado)	Avocado Industry and Market Data Capture and Analysis
CH16000 (Chestnuts)	Communication & Adoption Program for the Australian Chestnut Industry
CT15012 (Citrus)	Australian Citrus Industry Innovation & Market Develop- ment Program
CU15000 (Custard Apples)	Custard Apple Dispatch System 2
DP15002 (Prunes)	Innovation & Adoption Program for the Australian Prune Industry
MC15005 (Macadamias)	Benchmarking the Macadamia Industry 2015-2018
MC15009 (Macadamias)	Macadamia Crop Forecasting 2015 - 2018
MG13017 (Mangoes)	Capacity Building, Information, Technology & Extension for the Australian Mango Industry
MT15031 (Dried Grapes)	Australian Dried Fruit Communications Program
NY16004 (Nursery)	Nursery industry statistics and research 2016/17

Project Code	Project Title
PI13006 (Pineapples)	Study groups enabling industry adaption to pineapple market changes
TM17000 (Tomato)	Processing Tomato Industry Capacity Building
TU16001 (Turf)	Turf industry statistics and research 2016/17
TU17005 (Turf)	Turf industry statistics 2017-18 to 2019-2020
VG15077 (Vegetables)	Financial Performance of Australian Vegetable Farms 2016-17 to 2018-19





2017/18 Australian Horticulture

Statistics Handbook

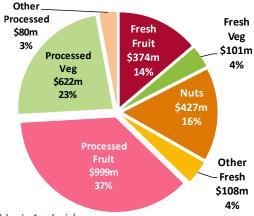
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Total Imports

For the year ending June 2018, Australia imported **\$2.71 billion** worth of horticultural products. *The values below do not include wine grapes*. Processed fruit was the largest value import grouping. The value of imports by group is profiled in the chart and table below. The table below also includes the **top 3** import categories by value within each group. The value for nuts includes some processed nut products.

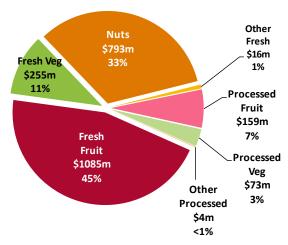


Sources: GTA; (Freshlogic Analysis)

Fresh Fruit	.\$374.1m	Other Fresh Horticulture	\$108.0m
Avocados	\$71.7m	Cut Flowers	\$70.3m
Grapes	\$69.2m	Bulbs	\$20.7m
Kiwifruit	\$54.6m	Live Plants	\$17.0m
Fresh Vegetables	.\$100.9m	Processed Fruit	\$999 .3 m
Garlic	\$27.5m	Olives and Olive Oil	\$245.6m
Asparagus	\$22.3m	Dried Tree Fruits	\$45.0m
Mushrooms	\$11.1m	Orange Juice	\$45.6m
Nuts	\$ 427. 5m	Processed Vegetables	\$622.3m
Cashews	\$178.8m	Potatoes	\$205.7m
Walnuts	\$49 .2 m	Tomatoes	\$126.2m
Hazelnuts	\$29.4m	Beans	\$57.8m

Total Exports

For the year ending June 2018, Australia exported **\$2.38 billion** worth of horticultural products. Fresh Fruit was the largest value export grouping. The value of exports by group is profiled in the chart and table below. The table below also includes the top 3 export categories within each group. *These values do not include wine grapes*.



Sources: GTA; (Freshlogic Analysis)

Fresh Fruit	\$1085.2m	Other Fresh Horticulture\$16.0m
Table Grapes	\$384.1m	Cut Flowers\$10.3m
Oranges	\$280.1m	Live Plants \$5.6m
Mandarins	\$139.1m	Bulbs\$0.2m
Fresh Vegetables	\$255.2m	Processed Fruit \$159.2m
Carrots	\$94.6m	Dried Grapes and Grape Juice\$43.2m
Potatoes	\$28.0m	Olives and Olive Oil \$26.0m
Asparagus	\$27.8m	Dried Mangoes \$28.7m
Nuts	\$793.2m	Processed Vegetables\$72.7m
Almonds	\$440.3m	Potatoes \$15.2m
Macadamias	\$266.0m	Tomatoes \$12.1m
Walnuts	\$22.7m	Ginger\$5.8m



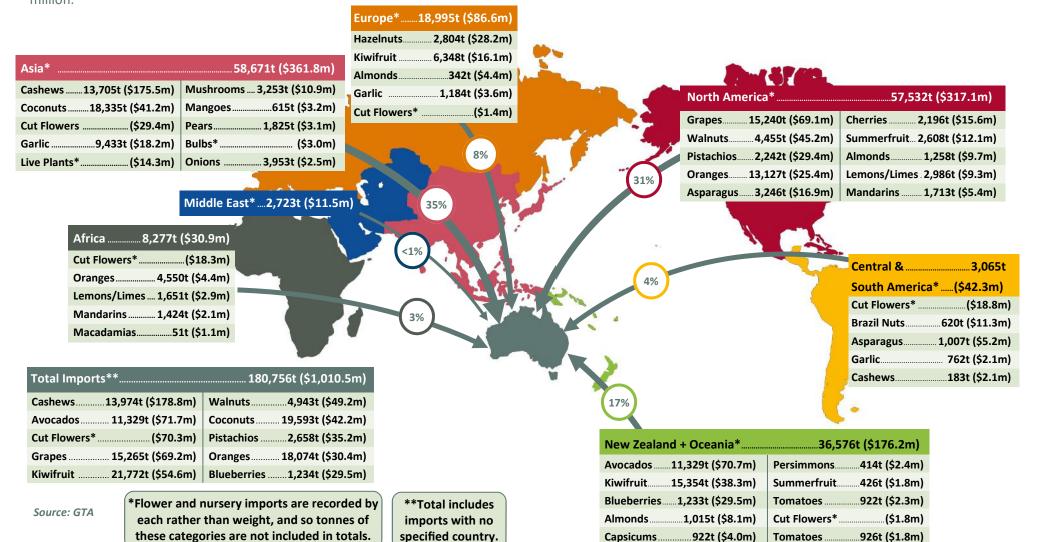


International Trade—Fresh imports by region

Imports of fresh horticultural products by region

These pages profile total imports of **fresh** horticultural products by 7 world regions. For each region, the total imports of fresh products is profiled, as well as up to the top 10 products by value, on products where imports exceed \$1 million.

The relative share of the **value** of imports from each of the 7 regions is also profiled in the circle associated with each region. Note that the total value and volume for all regions (located at the bottom left of the page) includes import information with no specified country, and therefore may exceed the sum of the individual regions.







Exports of fresh horticultural products by region

These pages profile total exports of **fresh** horticultural products by 6 world regions. For each region, the total exports of fresh product is profiled, as well as up to the top 10 products **by value**, on products where exports exceed \$1 million.

The relative share of the **value** of exports to each of the 6 regions is also profiled in the circle associated with each region. Note that the total value and volume for all regions (located at the bottom left of the page) includes export information with no specified country, and therefore may exceed the sum of the individual regions.

a production of the second of	regions.		
Asia*535,135t (\$1,554.7)	Europe	34,680t (\$200).1m)
Grapes102,602t (\$359.7m) Cherries3,669t (\$57.6m)		m) Cut Flowers*(
Oranges 160,066t (\$240.0m) Summerfruit 12,554t (\$48.5m)		m) Mushrooms 4t (
Almonds35,791t (\$226.4m) Carrots37,609t (\$33.3m)			(\$1.8m)
Macadamias23,757t (\$217.3m) Asparagus3,693t (\$27.7m)	Onions		(\$1.0m)
Mandarins49,205t (\$111.7m) Potatoes34,476t (\$25.3m)	Apples1,488t (\$3.6		31.0mj
Middle East			
Carrots67,530t (\$58.5m) Strawberries1,297t (\$9.3m)	13%	orth America*	21,409t (\$86.8m)
Almonds3,839t (\$33.9m) Mandarins5,056t (\$9.0m)	N	acadamias987t (\$25.0m)	Mushrooms2t (\$1.9m)
Oranges13,593t (\$14.8m) Muskmelons3,245t (\$6.9m)	0	ranges 9,391t (\$15.7m)	Cherries101t (\$1.8m)
Summerfruit4,682t (\$14.3m) Mangoes1,802t (\$6.6m)	A	monds 2,673t (\$11.4m)	Cut Flowers*(\$1.5m)
Grapes3,396t (\$10.5m) Watermelons3,813t (\$4.8m) 9%	196 N	andarins 4,759t (\$9.3m)	Mangoes205t (\$1.2m)
	P:	ears1,612t (\$2.9m)	Summerfruit 274t (\$1.1m)
Africa2,380t (\$6.1m)			
Almorate 2004 (62.0 m)			
Almonds384t (\$3.0m)			
Total Exports** 746,344t (\$2,149.6m)			
Almonds 66,311t (\$461.2m) Carrots 108,175t (\$94.6m)	5%		
Grapes110,280t (\$384.1m) Summerfruit 17,769t (\$65.1m)		-	
Oranges190,043t (\$280.1m) Cherries4,114t (\$62.2m)	New Zealand + Oceania	42,973t (\$114.1	lm)
Macadamias 25,675t (\$266.0m) Strawberries 4,304t (\$29.7m)	Almonds2,030t (\$18.1m)	Beans1,600t (\$6	.7m)
Mandarins 63,960t (\$139.1m) Mangoes	Grapes4,282t (\$13.8m)	Strawberries 7,83t (\$5	
*Flower and nursery exports are recorded by **Total includes	Oranges6,646t (\$8.8m)	Muskmelons 3,577t (\$5	.6m)



Source: GTA



each rather than weight, and so tonnes of

these categories are not included in totals.

exports with no

specified country.

.4,856t (\$8.7m)

.4,608t (\$7.0m)

Mandarins

Pears..

Watermelons.... 2,895t (\$3.5m)

Mangoes...

.. 1,109t (\$3.5m)

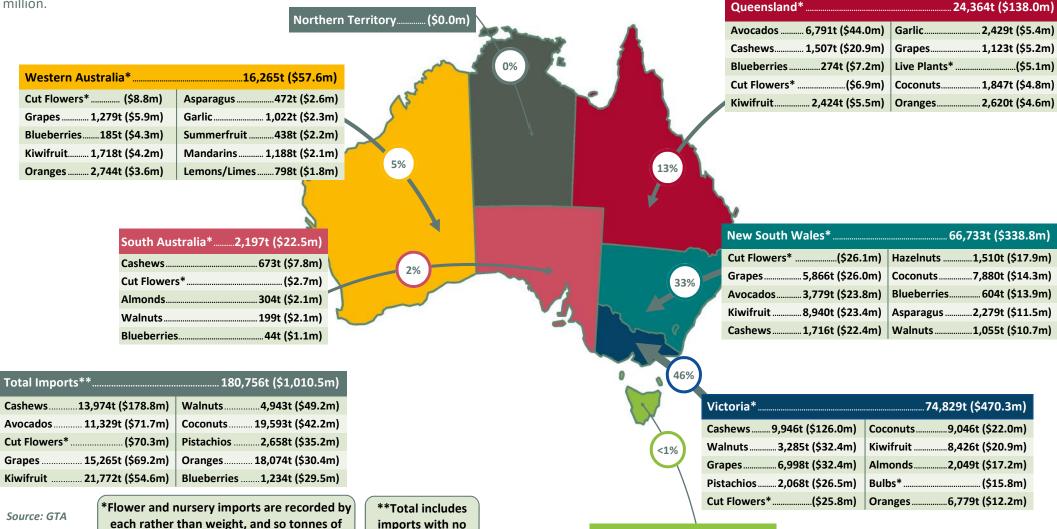


International Trade—Fresh imports by state

Imports of fresh horticultural products by state

These pages profile total imports of **fresh** horticultural products by Australian state or territory. For each state, the total imports of fresh products is profiled, as well as up to the top 10 products by value, on products where imports exceed \$1 million.

The relative share of the **value** of imports to each of the states is also profiled in the circle associated with each region. Note that the total value and volume for all states (located at the bottom left of the page) includes import information with no specified state, and therefore may exceed the sum of the individual states.



Tasmania



these categories are not included in totals.

(\$<1.0m)

Statistics Handbook

specified state.



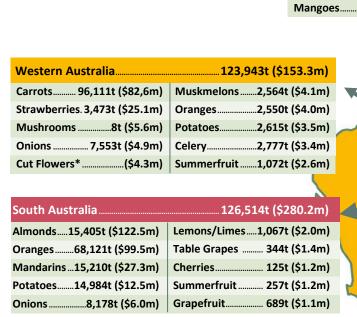
International Trade—Fresh exports by state

Exports of fresh horticultural products by state

These pages profile total exports of **fresh** horticultural products by Australian state or territory of production. For each state, the total exports of fresh products is profiled, as well as up to the top 10 products **by value**, on products where exports exceed \$1 million.

Northern Territory 2,285t (\$8.0m)

The relative share of the **value** of exports from each of the states is also profiled in the circle associated with each region. Note that the total value and volume for all states (located at the bottom left of the page) includes export information with no specified state, and therefore may exceed the sum of the individual states.



Total Exports**	746,344t (\$2,149.6m)	
Almonds66,311t (\$461.2m)	Carrots 108,175t (\$94.6m)	
Grapes110,280t (\$384.1m)	Summerfruit 17,9769t (\$65.1m)	
Oranges 190,043t (\$280.1m)	Cherries4,114t (\$62.2m)	
Macadamias 25,675t (\$266.0m)	Strawberries 4,304t (\$29.7m)	
Mandarins 63,960t (\$139.1m)	Mangoes7,694t (\$28.7m)	

Source: GTA

*Flower and nursery exports are recorded by each rather than weight, and so tonnes of these categories are not included in totals.

**Total includes exports with no specified state.

1,300t (\$6.4m)		
<1%	Queensland	98,006t (\$348.8m)
	Macadamias12,554t (\$121.8r	n) Avocados1,118t (\$7.2m)
	Mandarins44,374t (\$102.8n	n) Beans 1,611t (\$6.8m)
	Mangoes5,583t (\$19.0n	n) Watermelons 4,782t (\$5.8m)
	Muskmelons7,663t (\$12.3n	n) Cut Flowers*(\$4.1m)
	Broccoli/Cauli3,106t (\$8.0n	n) Live Plants*(\$3.9m)
16%	New South Wales*	85,235t (\$316.9m)
	Macadamias13,099t (\$143.	
	Oranges27,918t (\$42.	
	Grapes8,315t (\$26.	6m) Pecans499t (\$6.0m)
15%	Walnuts5,341t (\$22.	1m) Muskmelons2,562t (\$5.4m)
	Summerfruit2,788t (\$11.	9m) Almonds2,562t (\$2.7m)
	Victoria*	292,284t (\$997.6m)
46%	Grapes100,489t (\$351.	5m) Cherries1,235t (\$18.4m)
	Almonds48,345t (\$314.	
	Oranges89,127t (\$130.	
	Summerfruit 13,409t (\$48.	, , , , ,
	Asparagus3,672t (\$27.	6m) Cut Leaf Salads857t (\$6.4m)
3%	Tasmania24,679t (\$5	4.5m)
	Cherries2,135t (\$3	5.6m)
	Onions13,531t (9.3m)



8,590t (\$7.8m)

Carrots.



Production Volume

The table below summarises the **Production** in **tonnes** of all products profiled in this statistics handbook, where appropriate, for the year ending June 2018.

Year Ending June 2018	Production (t)
All Horticultural Products	6,541,768
All Fruit	2,657,597
Apples	315,185
Avocados	77,032
Bananas	388,265
Berries - Combined	116,585
Blueberries	16,850
Rubus Berries	6,189
Strawberries	93,545
Cherries	15,650
Citrus - Combined	746,297
Grapefruit	12,660
Lemons/Limes	47,950
Mandarins	159,598
Oranges	526,089
Custard Apples	1,693
Kiwifruit	9,582
Lychees	2,633
Mangoes	83,315
Melons - Combined	215,519
Muskmelons	45,480
Watermelons	170,039
Nashi	2,170

Year Ending June 2018	Production (t)
Passionfruit	4,790
Papaya/Pawpaw	16,196
Persimmons	2,519
Pears	115,929
Pineapples	76,002
Summerfruit - Combined	153,148
Apricots	7,732
Nectarines/Peaches	115,651
Plums	29,764
Table Grapes	177,416
Processing Fruit Combined*	206,260
Dried Grapes	76,289
Prunes*	11,637
Other Dried Tree Fruit*	2,035
Canned Fruit*	61,299
Olives	55,000
Other Fruit	6,384
All Vegetables	3,695,345
Artichokes	341
Asparagus	7,576
Beans	33,890
Beetroot	14,167
Broccoli/Baby Broccoli	76,104

Note: The processed fruit lines marked with an asterisk (*) do not contribute to total fruit production, as they have been counted towards the total in their respective categories (eg production of canning pineapples are already counted in the pineapple category). The exceptions are dried grapes, which is not a part of the table grapes category, and olives, which is not part of another fruit category.

Year Ending June 2018	Production (t)
Brussels Sprouts	6,210
Cabbage	75,165
Capsicums	76,237
Carrots	330,655
Cauliflower	74,146
Celery	65,240
Chillies	2,246
Cucumbers	91,084
Eggplant	9,043
Eng.Spinach/Silverbeet/Kale	7,028
Fresh Herbs - Combined	11,394
Fennel	1,020
Parsley and Other Herbs	10,374
Garlic	2,246
Ginger	7,234
Leafy Asian Vegetables	28,541
Leafy Salad Vegetables	56,297
Leeks	8,736
Head Lettuce	138,485
Mushrooms	70,463
Onions	249,147
Parsnips	3,367
Peas	32,947

Year Ending June 2018	Production (t)
Potatoes	1,388,968
Pumpkins	119,546
Sweet Corn	62,712
Sweetpotatoes	97,222
Tomatoes	484,073
Zucchini	40,063
Other Vegetables	24,770
All Nuts	188,825
Almonds (Inshell)**	113,516
Chestnuts (Inshell)	1,100
HazeInuts (Inshell)**	714
Macadamias (Inshell)	49,300
Pecans (Inshell)	3,000
Pistachios (Inshell)	3,200
Walnuts (Inshell)	11,800
Other Nuts (Inshell)	6,195
Other Horticulture	N/A
Cut Flowers	N/A
Nursery*	N/A
Turf	N/A

Sources: ABS; GTA; IRB; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

Note: Total in-shell nut production includes the volumes of almonds and hazelnuts (marked with **) in an in-shell equivalent weight.











Production Value

The table below summarises the **Value of Production** in **million dollars** of all products profiled in this statistics handbook, where appropriate, for the year ending June 2018.

Year Ending June 2018	Production (\$m)
All Horticultural Products	\$13,232.9
All Fruit	\$5,015.4
Apples	\$465.3
Avocados	\$543.0
Bananas	\$484.2
Berries - Combined	\$911.4
Blueberries	\$309.0
Rubus Berries	\$157.3
Strawberries	\$445.0
Cherries	\$148.7
Citrus - Combined	\$797.8
Grapefruit	\$16.7
Lemons/Limes	\$102.3
Mandarins	\$305.8
Oranges	\$373.0
Custard Apples	\$6.5
Kiwifruit	\$26.3
Lychees	\$24.0
Mangoes	\$204.3
Melons - Combined	\$124.2
Muskmelons	\$49.5
Watermelons	\$74.7
Nashi	\$6.5

Year Ending June 2018	Production
real Ename June 2010	(\$m)
Passionfruit	\$16.8
Papaya/Pawpaw	\$31.4
Persimmons	\$11.6
Pears	\$99.0
Pineapples	\$53.4
Summerfruit - Combined	\$397.8
Apricots	\$29.8
Nectarines/Peaches	\$289.5
Plums	\$78.5
Table Grapes	\$543.7
Processing Fruit Combined*	\$135.2
Dried Grapes	\$30.6
Prunes*	\$5.8
Other Dried Tree Fruit*	\$0.7
Canned Fruit*	\$26.4
Olives	\$71.9
Other Fruit	\$17.1
All Vegetables	\$4,345.7
Artichokes	\$0.8
Asparagus	\$61.0
Beans	\$76.4
Beetroot	\$11.7
Broccoli/Baby Broccoli	\$229.8

Note: The processed fruit lines marked with an asterisk (*) do not contribute to total fruit value, as they have been counted towards the total in their respective categories (eg value of canning pineapples are already counted in the pineapple category). The exceptions are dried grapes, which is not a part of the table grapes category, and olives, which is not part of another fruit category.

Year Ending June 2018	Production
3.1 3.1	(\$m)
Brussels Sprouts	\$18.3
Cabbage	\$41.6
Capsicums	\$155.6
Carrots	\$215.7
Cauliflower	\$47.4
Celery	\$60.2
Chillies	\$9.1
Cucumbers	\$157.3
Eggplant	\$17.5
Eng.Spinach/Silverbeet/Kale	\$19.3
Fresh Herbs - Combined	\$179.0
Fennel	\$2.0
Parsley and Other Herbs	\$176.9
Garlic	\$15.6
Ginger	\$48.7
Leafy Asian Vegetables	\$64.5
Leafy Salad Vegetables	\$348.7
Leeks	\$21.0
Head Lettuce	\$147.1
Mushrooms	\$456.6
Onions	\$164.8
Parsnips	\$11.2
Peas	\$54.5

Year Ending June 2018	Production (\$m)
N-4-4	
Potatoes	\$745.9
Pumpkins	\$68.8
Sweet Corn	\$60.2
Sweetpotatoes	\$73.8
Tomatoes	\$609.9
Zucchini	\$72.0
Other Vegetables	\$81.6
All Nuts	\$986.8
Almonds	\$550.1
Chestnuts	\$7.9
Hazelnuts	\$2.0
Macadamias	\$297.3
Pecans	\$20.0
Pistachios	\$35.4
Walnuts	\$38.6
Other Nuts	\$35.5
Other Horticulture	\$2,884.9
Cut Flowers	\$280.6
Nursery*	\$2,331.2
Turf	\$273.1
·	· ·

Sources: ABS; AC; CFVIWA; GTA; IRB; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

*Note: The nursery production value has been reported for indication only. This value has been provided outside of THRUchain methodology and is based directly on project output from **NY16004**. See pages 468 to 473.











Volume of Fresh Exports

The table below summarises the **Volume of Fresh Exports** in **tonnes** of all products profiled in this statistics handbook, where appropriate, for the year ending June 2018.

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Export Volume (t)
All Horticultural Products	746,344
All Fruit	444,246
Apples	5,060
Avocados	1,786
Bananas	
Berries - Combined	4,529
Blueberries	221
Rubus Berries	3
Strawberries	4,304
Cherries	4,114
Citrus - Combined	258,196
Grapefruit	1,198
Lemons/Limes	2,883
Mandarins	63,960
Oranges	190,043
Custard Apples	85
Kiwifruit	1,027
Lychees	466
Mangoes	7,694
Melons - Combined	20,271
Muskmelons	13,543
Watermelons	6,728
Nashi	

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Export Volume (t)
Passionfruit	
Papaya/Pawpaw	16
Persimmons	183
Pears	12,467
Pineapples	
Summerfruit - Combined	17,769
Apricots	404
Nectarines/Peaches	12,068
Plums	5,297
Table Grapes	110,280
Processing Fruit Combined*	
Dried Grapes*	
Prunes*	
Other Dried Tree Fruit*	
Canned Fruit*	
Olives*	
Other Fruit	305
All Vegetables	205,665
Artichokes	5
Asparagus	3,711
Beans	1,639
Beetroot	230
Broccoli/Baby Broccoli	5,861

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Export Volume (t)
Brussels Sprouts	266
Cabbage	1,707
Capsicums	317
Carrots	108,175
Cauliflower	799
Celery	4,504
Chillies	3
Cucumbers	134
Eggplant	10
Eng.Spinach/Silverbeet/Kale	243
Fresh Herbs - Combined	
Fennel	
Parsley and Other Herbs	
Garlic	118
Ginger	9
Leafy Asian Vegetables	
Leafy Salad Vegetables	1,358
Leeks	124
Head Lettuce	432
Mushrooms	89
Onions	30,516
Parsnips	
Peas	7

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Export
.	Volume (t)
Potatoes	36,529
Pumpkins	2,074
Sweet Corn	
Sweetpotatoes	922
Tomatoes	804
Zucchini	
Other Vegetables	5,077
All Nuts*	96,434
Almonds*	64,196
Chestnuts*	
HazeInuts*	90
Macadamias*	21,221
Pecans*	600
Pistachios*	102
Walnuts*	5,399
Other Nuts*	4,824
Other Horticulture	N/A
Cut Flowers	N/A
Nursery*	N/A
Turf	N/A
	·

*Note: Nut exports includes both the kernel and in-shell form. Further information on volumes of each type is provided on pages 420 to 453.

Sources: GTA; IRB; (Freshlogic Analysis)







Value of Fresh Exports

The table below summarises the Value of Fresh Exports in million dollars of all products profiled in this statistics handbook, where appropriate, for the year ending June 2018.

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Export Value (\$m)
All Horticultural Products	\$2,149.6
All Fruit	\$1,085.2
Apples	\$11.3
Avocados	\$11.6
Bananas	
Berries - Combined	\$34.2
Blueberries	\$4.4
Rubus Berries	<\$0.1
Strawberries	\$29.7
Cherries	\$62.2
Citrus - Combined	\$427.8
Grapefruit	\$2.1
Lemons/Limes	\$6.0
Mandarins	\$139.1
Oranges	\$280.1
Custard Apples	\$0.4
Kiwifruit	\$3.6
Lychees	\$5.2
Mangoes	\$28.7
Melons - Combined	\$31.6
Muskmelons	\$23.2
Watermelons	\$8.4
Nashi	

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Export Value (\$m)
Passionfruit	
Papaya/Pawpaw	<\$0.1
Persimmons	\$1.1
Pears	\$19.6
Pineapples	
Summerfruit - Combined	\$65.1
Apricots	\$1.9
Nectarines/Peaches	\$43.2
Plums	\$20.0
Table Grapes	\$384.1
Processing Fruit Combined*	
Dried Grapes*	
Prunes*	
Other Dried Tree Fruit*	
Canned Fruit*	
Olives*	
Other Fruit	<\$0.1
All Vegetables	\$255.2
Artichokes	<\$0.1
Asparagus	\$27.8
Beans	\$6.9
Beetroot	\$0.7
Broccoli/Baby Broccoli	\$16.0

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Export Value (\$m)
Brussels Sprouts	\$1.2
Cabbage	\$3.2
Capsicums	\$1.2
Carrots	\$94.6
Cauliflower	\$1.8
Celery	\$7.1
Chillies	<\$0.1
Cucumbers	\$0.4
Eggplant	<\$0.1
Eng.Spinach/Silverbeet/Kale	\$2.0
Fresh Herbs - Combined	
Fennel	
Parsley and Other Herbs	
Garlic	\$0.3
Ginger	\$0.1
Leafy Asian Vegetables	
Leafy Salad Vegetables	\$9.4
Leeks	\$0.6
Head Lettuce	\$1.7
Mushrooms	\$6.8
Onions	\$21.7
Parsnips	
Peas	<\$0.1

2017/18 Australian Horticulture

Statistics Handbook

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Export
	Value (\$m)
Potatoes	\$28.0
Pumpkins	\$3.0
Sweet Corn	
Sweetpotatoes	\$1.6
Tomatoes	\$3.0
Zucchini	
Other Vegetables	\$15.8
All Nuts*	\$793.2
Almonds*	\$440.3
Chestnuts*	
HazeInuts*	\$0.8
Macadamias*	\$266.0
Pecans*	\$7.8
Pistachios*	\$1.4
Walnuts*	\$22.7
Other Nuts*	\$54.1
Other Horticulture	\$16.0
Cut Flowers	\$10.4
Vursery*	\$5.6
Turf	

*Note: Nut exports includes both the kernel and in-shell form. Further information on volumes of each type is provided on pages 420 to 453.









Volume of Fresh Imports

The table below summarises the **Volume of Fresh Imports** in **tonnes** of all products profiled in this statistics handbook, where appropriate, for the year ending June 2018.

Year Ending June 2018 All Horticultural Products	Fresh Import Volume (t) 180,756
All Fruit	109,146
Apples	1,145
Avocados	11,330
Bananas	
Berries - Combined	1,235
Blueberries	1,234
Rubus Berries	
Strawberries	1
Cherries	2,198
Citrus - Combined	27,749
Grapefruit	1,125
Lemons/Limes	4,739
Mandarins	3,805
Oranges	18,074
Custard Apples	
Kiwifruit	21,772
Lychees	
Mangoes	866
Melons - Combined	1
Muskmelons	1
Watermelons	
Nashi	

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Import Volume (t)
Passionfruit	
Papaya/Pawpaw	131
Persimmons	445
Pears	1,826
Pineapples	
Summerfruit - Combined	3,095
Apricots	434
Nectarines/Peaches	2,281
Plums	380
Table Grapes	15,265
Processing Fruit Combined*	
Dried Grapes*	
Prunes*	
Other Dried Tree Fruit*	
Canned Fruit*	
Olives*	
Other Fruit	22,096
All Vegetables	32,839
Artichokes	
Asparagus	4,272
Beans	438
Beetroot	3
Broccoli/Baby Broccoli	

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Import Volume (t)
Brussels Sprouts	
Cabbage	8
Capsicums	1,182
Carrots	
Cauliflower	
Celery	
Chillies	12
Cucumbers	
Eggplant	
Eng.Spinach/Silverbeet/Kale	31
Fresh Herbs - Combined	
Fennel	
Parsley and Other Herbs	
Garlic	12,224
Ginger	224
Leafy Asian Vegetables	
Leafy Salad Vegetables	
Leeks	29
Head Lettuce	
Mushrooms	3,288
Onions	5,482
Parsnips	
Peas	925

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Import Volume (t)
Potatoes	
Pumpkins	2
Sweet Corn	
Sweetpotatoes	349
Tomatoes	926
Zucchini	
Other Vegetables	3,443
All Nuts*	38,771
Almonds*	2,856
Chestnuts*	
Hazelnuts*	2,870
Macadamias*	111
Pecans*	
Pistachios*	2,499
Walnuts*	4,943
Other Nuts*	25,492
Other Horticulture	N/A
Cut Flowers	N/A
Nursery*	N/A
Turf	N/A

*Note: Nut imports includes both the kernel and in-shell form. Further information on volumes of each type is provided on pages 420 to 453.

Sources: GTA; IRB; (Freshlogic Analysis)







Value of Fresh Imports

The table below summarises the **Value of Fresh Imports** in **million dollars** of all products profiled in this statistics handbook, where appropriate, for the year ending June 2018.

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Import Value (\$m)
All Horticultural Products	\$1,010.5
All Fruit	\$374.1
Apples	\$2.9
Avocados	\$71.7
Bananas	
Berries - Combined	\$29.5
Blueberries	\$29.5
Rubus Berries	
Strawberries	<\$0.1
Cherries	\$15.6
Citrus - Combined	\$54.1
Grapefruit	\$2.3
Lemons/Limes	\$12.4
Mandarins	\$9.0
Oranges	\$30.4
Custard Apples	
Kiwifruit	\$54.6
Lychees	
Mangoes	\$4.1
Melons - Combined	<\$0.1
Muskmelons	<\$0.1
Watermelons	
Nashi	

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Import Value (\$m)
Passionfruit	
Papaya/Pawpaw	\$0.4
Persimmons	\$2.6
Pears	\$3.1
Pineapples	
Summerfruit - Combined	\$14.2
Apricots	\$1.9
Nectarines/Peaches	\$10.7
Plums	\$1.6
Table Grapes	\$69.2
Processing Fruit Combined*	
Dried Grapes*	
Prunes*	
Other Dried Tree Fruit*	
Canned Fruit*	
Olives*	
Other Fruit	\$52.2
All Vegetables	\$100.9
Artichokes	
Asparagus	\$22.3
Beans	\$0.5
Beetroot	<\$0.1
Broccoli/Baby Broccoli	

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Import Value (\$m)
Brussels Sprouts	
Cabbage	<\$0.1
Capsicums	\$4.4
Carrots	
Cauliflower	
Celery	
Chillies	\$0.2
Cucumbers	
Eggplant	<\$0.1
Eng.Spinach/Silverbeet/Kale	<\$0.1
Fresh Herbs - Combined	
Fennel	
Parsley and Other Herbs	
Garlic	\$27.5
Ginger	\$0.7
Leafy Asian Vegetables	
Leafy Salad Vegetables	
Leeks	\$0.1
Head Lettuce	
Mushrooms	\$11.1
Onions	\$4.6
Parsnips	
Peas	\$2.6

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Import
Teal Eliuling Julie 2016	Value (\$m)
otatoes	
umpkins	<\$0.1
weet Corn	
weetpotatoes	\$0.4
omatoes	\$1.8
ucchini	
Other Vegetables	\$24.5
All Nuts*	\$427.5
Almonds*	\$22.8
Chestnuts*	
lazeInuts*	\$29.4
/lacadamias*	\$0.1
'ecans*	
'istachios*	\$33.5
Valnuts*	\$49.2
Other Nuts*	\$292.5
Other Horticulture	\$108.0
Cut Flowers	\$70.3
lursery*	\$37.7
urf	
	·

*Note: Nut imports includes both the kernel and in-shell form. Further information on volumes of each type is provided on pages 420 to 453.

Sources: GTA; IRB; (Freshlogic Analysis)







Data Tables—Fresh Supply

Fresh Supply Volume

The table below summarises the **Volume of Fresh Supply** in **tonnes** of all products profiled in this statistics handbook, where appropriate, for the year ending June 2018.

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Supply (t)
All Horticultural Products	4,014,358
All Fruit	1,723,813
Apples	219,115
Avocados	81,722
Bananas	387,104
Berries - Combined	98,617
Blueberries	16,401
Rubus Berries	5,702
Strawberries	76,514
Cherries	12,702
Citrus - Combined	294,228
Grapefruit	12,052
Lemons/Limes	45,611
Mandarins	96,314
Oranges	140,250
Custard Apples	1,608
Kiwifruit	30,327
Lychees	2,167
Mangoes	71,809
Melons - Combined	192,673
Muskmelons	31,046
Watermelons	161,627
Nashi	2,170

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Supply (t)
Passionfruit	4,488
Papaya/Pawpaw	16,087
Persimmons	2,756
Pears	59,428
Pineapples	47,206
Summerfruit - Combined	106,684
Apricots	6,407
Nectarines/Peaches	84,085
Plums	16,192
Table Grapes	82,401
Processing Fruit Combined*	
Dried Grapes*	
Prunes*	
Other Dried Tree Fruit*	
Canned Fruit*	
Olives*	
Other Fruit	10,519
All Vegetables	2,213,712
Artichokes	335
Asparagus	8,138
Beans	32,688
Beetroot	5,414
Broccoli/Baby Broccoli	66,471

Note: The processed fruit lines marked with an asterisk (*) do not contribute to total fresh fruit supply volume because they are sold in a processed form.

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Supply (t)
Brussels Sprouts	4,845
Cabbage	62,001
Capsicums	72,617
Carrots	202,153
Cauliflower	67,224
Celery	59,772
Chillies	1,737
Cucumbers	86,202
Eggplant	8,454
Eng.Spinach/Silverbeet/Kale	6,302
Fresh Herbs - Combined	10,966
Fennel	990
Parsley and Other Herbs	9,975
Garlic	9,860
Ginger	3,857
Leafy Asian Vegetables	28,541
Leafy Salad Vegetables	45,361
Leeks	8,641
Head Lettuce	138,052
Mushrooms	71,877
Onions	206,731
Parsnips	3,269
Peas	7,426

Year Ending June 2018	Fresh Supply (t)
Potatoes	441,439
Pumpkins	113,767
Sweet Corn	28,241
Sweetpotatoes	92,911
Tomatoes	256,559
Zucchini	39,355
Other Vegetables	22,506
All Nuts	76,832
Almonds	28,403
Chestnuts	1,100
Hazelnuts	3,326
Macadamias	3,742
Pecans	1,215
Pistachios	5,297
Walnuts	8,135
Other Nuts	25,615
Other Horticulture	N/A
Cut Flowers	N/A
Nursery*	N/A
Turf	N/A

Sources: ABS; GTA; IRB; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)







^{*}Note: Nut supply volume includes both the kernel and in-shell form. Further information on volumes of each type is provided on pages 420 to 453.



Data Tables—Wholesale Value

Fresh Supply Wholesale Value

The table below summarises the **Wholesale Value** of the Fresh Supply in **million dollars** of all products profiled in this statistics handbook, where appropriate, for the year ending June 2018.

Voor Ending Lune 2010	Wholesale
Year Ending June 2018	Value (\$m)
All Horticultural Products	\$13,411.1
All Fruit	\$4,919.5
Apples	\$519.5
Avocados	\$650.9
Bananas	\$586.8
Berries - Combined	\$1,065.3
Blueberries	\$394.4
Rubus Berries	\$184.1
Strawberries	\$486.8
Cherries	\$135.1
Citrus - Combined	\$533.0
Grapefruit	\$19.3
Lemons/Limes	\$127.0
Mandarins	\$229.0
Oranges	\$157.8
Custard Apples	\$7.2
Kiwifruit	\$96.8
Lychees	\$23.0
Mangoes	\$209.8
Melons - Combined	\$114.4
Muskmelons	\$35.0
Watermelons	\$79.4
Nashi	\$7.6

Year Ending June 2018	Wholesale Value (\$m)
Passionfruit	\$19.7
Papaya/Pawpaw	\$37.2
Persimmons	\$15.0
Pears	\$93.5
Pineapples	\$48.3
Summerfruit - Combined	\$391.7
Apricots	\$34.8
Nectarines/Peaches	\$291.0
Plums	\$66.0
Table Grapes	\$313.7
Processing Fruit Combined*	
Dried Grapes*	
Prunes*	
Other Dried Tree Fruit*	
Canned Fruit*	
Olives*	
Other Fruit	\$50.9
All Vegetables	\$4,620.6
Artichokes	\$0.9
Asparagus	\$92.4
Beans	\$84.2
Beetroot	\$11.5
Broccoli/Baby Broccoli	\$253.4

Note: The processed fruit lines marked with an asterisk (*) do not contribute to total fresh fruit wholesale value because they are sold in a processed form.

Year Ending June 2018	Wholesale
Teal Lituing Julie 2018	Value (\$m)
Brussels Sprouts	\$19.9
Cabbage	\$45.0
Capsicums	\$183.9
Carrots	\$157.8
Cauliflower	\$53.5
Celery	\$63.6
Chillies	\$10.4
Cucumbers	\$184.0
Eggplant	\$20.5
Eng.Spinach/Silverbeet/Kale	\$20.8
Fresh Herbs - Combined	\$209.8
Fennel	\$2.4
Parsley and Other Herbs	\$207.4
Garlic	\$87.8
Ginger	\$53.3
Leafy Asian Vegetables	\$75.9
Leafy Salad Vegetables	\$393.5
Leeks	\$24.2
Head Lettuce	\$171.4
Mushrooms	\$554.5
Onions	\$175.5
Parsnips	\$13.1
Peas	\$53.8

Vana Fadina Ivo a 2010	Wholesale
Year Ending June 2018	Value (\$m)
Potatoes	\$518.8
Pumpkins	\$77.7
Sweet Corn	\$64.0
Sweetpotatoes	\$85.2
Tomatoes	\$687.7
Zucchini	\$84.6
Other Vegetables	\$87.9
All Nuts	\$774.2
Almonds	\$251.1
Chestnuts	\$9.4
Hazelnuts	\$32.6
Macadamias	\$89.6
Pecans	\$20.1
Pistachios	\$70.0
Walnuts	\$84.6
Other Nuts	\$216.9
Other Horticulture	\$3,096.8
Cut Flowers	\$376.0
Nursery*	\$2,447.8
Turf	\$273.1

Sources: ABS; AC; CFVIWA; GTA; IRB; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

*Note: The nursery wholesale value has been reported for indication only. This value has been provided outside of THRUchain methodology and is based directly on project output from **NY16004**. See pages 468 to 473.







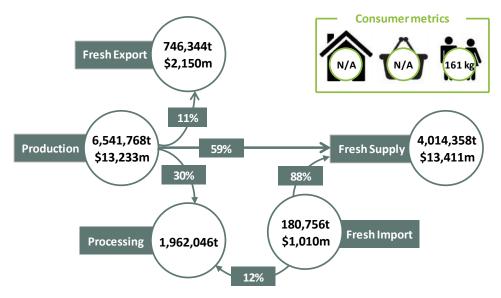
All Fresh Horticulture Overview

Pages 48-51 profile total horticultural production and trade. It combines information on fruit, vegetables, nuts and other horticultural categories (cut flowers, nursery and turf).

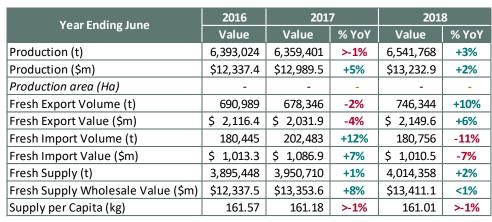
For the year ending June 2018:

- 6.54 million tonnes of horticultural products (not including cut flowers, nursery and turf products) was produced in Australia.
- The value of production for all categories was \$13.2 billion while the wholesale value of the fresh supply was \$13.4 billion.
- The supply per capita was **161** kg, based on the volume supplied.

All Fresh Horticulture Supply Chain—Year Ending June 2018



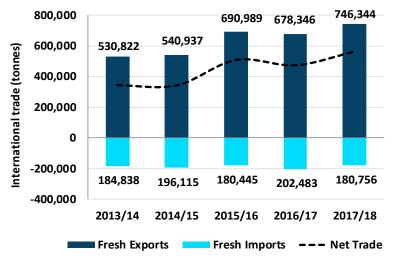
Sources: ABS; AC; CFVIWA; GTA; IRB; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)



Sources: ABS; AC; CFVIWA; GTA; IRB; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

All Fresh Horticulture International Trade

Australia is a net exporter of fresh horticultural products. For the year ending June 2018, Australia exported **746,344 tonnes** of fresh horticultural products (not including nursery, turf and flower categories), as profiled in the graph below, where imports are counted as negative tonnes.



Source: GTA









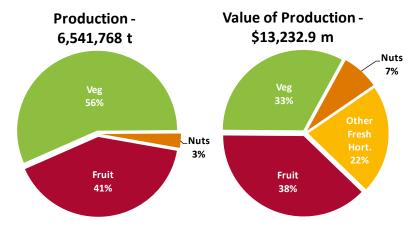
^{*}Note: Figures has been modified from those published in the previous edition of the handbook (2016/17 edition).





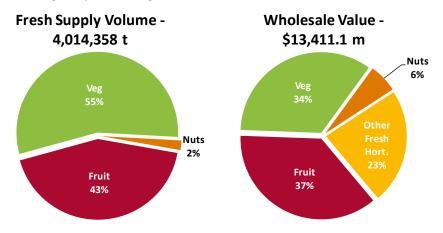
Production

The charts below profile the share of total Australian production of all horticultural categories during the year ending June 2018. For the below charts, only the **value** of the *Other Fresh Horticulture* grouping has been recorded, due to inconsistencies in the units used to measure volumes for this group.



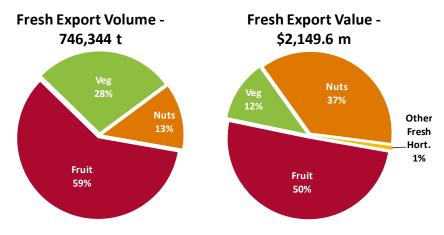
Fresh supply

The charts below profile the share of the total fresh supply of all horticultural categories during the year ending June 2018.



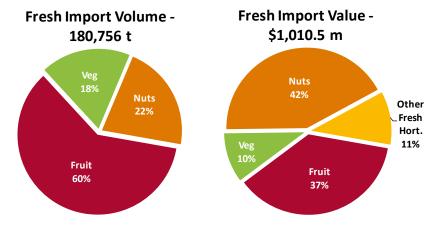
Fresh exports

The charts below profile the share of total Australian fresh exports of all horticultural categories during the year ending June 2018.



Fresh imports

The charts below profile the share of total Australian fresh imports of all horticultural categories during the year ending June 2018.

















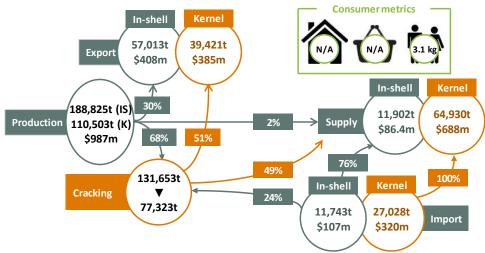
All Nuts — Overview

Pages 418-419 profile total nut production and trade. It combines information on all nut categories covered in this handbook*.

For the year ending June 2018:

- 188,825 t of nuts (in-shell weight) was produced with a kernel weight equivalent of 110,503 t.
- The value of production was worth \$986.8
 million while the wholesale value of nuts inshell and kernel supply was \$774.2 million.
- 50% of Australian households purchased nuts.
- The supply per capita was 3.1 kg, based on the volume supplied.
- *'Other Nuts' are included in the calculation of the category overview totals but have not been profiled separately.

All Nuts Supply Chain—Year Ending June 2018



Sources: ABS; AC; CFVIWA; GTA; IRB; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

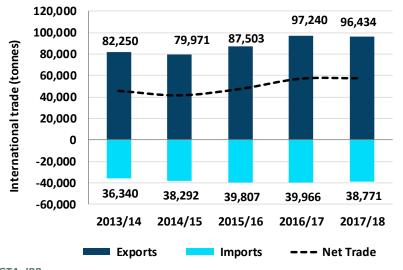
Year Ending June		2016	2017				2018			
real Eliuliig Julie	١	/alue	١	Value	% YoY	,	Value	% YoY		
Production (ISWE t)	:	184,231		186,311	+1%		188,825	+1%		
Production (\$m)	\$	1,215.7	\$	923.6	-24%	\$	986.8	+ 7 %		
Production area (Ha)		57,871		63,196	+9%		69,732	+10%		
Export Volume (t)		87,503		97,240	+11%		96,434	>-1%		
Export Value (\$m)	\$	934.1	\$	815.3	-13%	\$	793.2	-3%		
Import Volume (t)		39,807		39,966	<1%		38,771	-3%		
Import Value (\$m)	\$	436.8	\$	433.3	>-1%	\$	427.5	-1%		
Supply (t)		76,286		73,871	-3%		76,832	+4%		
Supply Wholesale Value (\$m)	\$	891.4	\$	722.6	-19%	\$	774.2	+7%		
Supply per Capita (kg)		3.16		3.01	-5%		3.13	+4%		

Sources: ABS; AC; CFVIWA; GTA; IRB; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

All Nuts International Trade

Australia is a net exporter of nuts. For the year ending June 2018, Australia exported **96,434 tonnes** of nuts, as profiled in the graph below, where imports are counted as negative tonnes.

Net All Nuts International Trade



Source: GTA; IRB



^{*}Note: Figures has been modified from those published in the previous edition of the handbook (2016/17 edition).





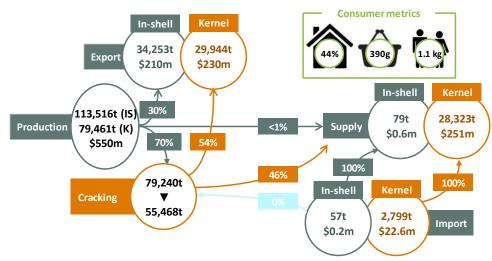
Almond Overview

Almonds are grown in the south of Australia, with the majority of production occurring along the Murray River downstream of Swan Hill. The industry has a strong export market focus, with 2.7 tonnes sold overseas for every tonne sold domestically. The majority of almonds are cracked and sold in kernel form.

For the year ending June 2018:

- 113,516 t of almonds (in-shell weight) was produced, with a kernel weight equivalent of 79,461 t.
- The value of production was worth \$550.1 m while the wholesale value of almonds in-shell and kernel supply was \$251.1 m.
- 44% of Australian households purchased packaged almonds, buying an average of 390 g per shopping trip.
- The supply per capita of in-shell and kernel almonds was 1.1 kg, based on the volume supplied.

Almond Supply Chain —Year Ending June 2018



Sources: Almond Board of Australia (ABA); ABS; AC; CFVIWA; GTA; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

Year Ending June		2016		201	7		2018			
real Litting Julie	1	Value		Value	% YoY	,	Value	% YoY		
Production (KWE t)		82,333		80,800	- 2 %		79,461	- 2 %		
Production (\$m)	\$	854.1	\$	553.6	-35%	\$	550.1	>-1%		
Production area (Ha)		30,981		35,866	+16%		39,662	+11%		
Export Volume (KWE t)		54,840		58,957	+8%		53,921	- 9 %		
Export Value (\$m)	\$	616.2	\$	461.2	- 25 %	\$	440.3	-5%		
Import Volume (KWE t)		1,562		2,892	+85%		2,839	- 2 %		
Import Value (\$m)	\$	20.8	\$	29.0	+40%	\$	22.8	-22%		
Supply (KWE t)		29,055		24,735	-15%		28,379	+15%		
Supply Wholesale Value (\$m)	\$	385.1	\$	216.6	-44%	\$	251.1	+16%		
Supply per Capita (kg)		1.00		1.00	<1%		1.09	+8%		

Sources: ABA; ABS; AC; CFVIWA; GTA; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

Major Almond Production Areas

Almonds are produced in the southern states of Australia, predominantly in the Victorian region of Sunraysia. Other major production regions include Adelaide and the Riverland region of South Australia, the Riverina in New South Wales and in **Swan Region** in Western Australia.



Source: ABA











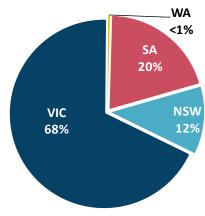


^{*}Note: all volumes quoted in the table above are in Kernel Weight Equivalent (KWE).





2017/18 Almond Production by State (Kernel)



Source: ABA
Almond Harvest Season by State (Kernel)

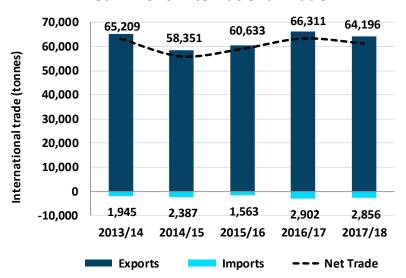
State	17/18 Tonnes	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
New South Wales	9,288												
Victoria	53,953												
South Australia	15,979												
Western Australia	241												
Harvest legend			Han	vest		En	d of	Harve	est			None	

Source: ABA

Almond International Trade (In-shell and Kernel)

Almond exports are a mix of both in-shell and kernel, while the majority of imports are in kernel form. For the year ending June 2018, Australia exported 34,253 tonnes of in-shell almonds (53% of combined exports) and 29,944 tonnes of kernel almonds (47% of combined exports). This equates to 64,196 tonnes exported in 2017/18, or 53,921 tonnes in kernel weight equivalent (KWE). Australia imported 57 tonnes of in-shell almonds (<1% of almond imports) and 2,799 tonnes of kernel almonds (99% of imports). The exports and imports over the last 5 financial years is profiled in the graph to the right, where imports are counted as negative tonnes, and all information is provided in total volume, rather than KWE.

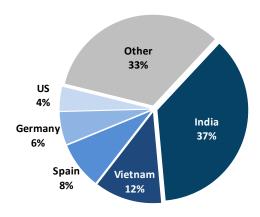
Net Almond International Trade



Source: GTA

For the year ending June 2018, **37%** of exported almonds *(both in-shell and kernel)* were sent to India, as profiled in the chart below.

2017/18 Almond Export by Country



Source: GTA

















Almond Imports by State and Exports by State (Both In-Shell and Kernel)

Imports by	state destir	ation (Tonn	es)	Exports by state of production origin (Tonnes)						
Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018	Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018			
Victoria	1,183	2,421	2,049	Victoria	45,707	49,336	48,345			
New South Wales	137	296	324	South Australia	13,136	16,190	15,405			
South Australia	243	172	304	New South Wales	151	24	378			
Queensland	-	14	168	Tasmania	22	-	37			
Western Australia	< 0.5	< 0.5	10	Queensland	11	40	27			
Other	< 0.5	< 0.5	- 0	Other	1,605	721	4			
TOTAL	1,563	2,902	2,856	TOTAL	60,633	66,311	64,196			

Almond Imports and Exports by Country (Both In-Shell and Kernel)

Impor	ts by countr	y (Tonnes)		Exports by country (Tonnes)						
Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018	Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018			
US	907	1,375	1,259	India	16,520	23,673	23,505			
Spain	264	480	264	Vietnam	2,524	2,844	7,653			
Vietnam	-	24	208	Spain	9,276	11,759	5,335			
Italy	12	60	78	Germany	4,732	4,545	3,715			
Pakistan	12	11	23	US	5,092	3,118	2,761			
Other	368	952	1,023	Other	22,489	20,372	21,228			
TOTAL	1,563	2,902	2,856	TOTAL	60,633	66,311	64,196			

Source: GTA

















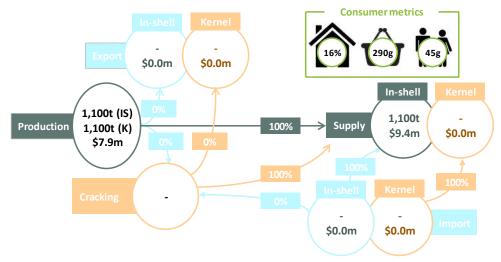
Chestnut Overview

Chestnuts are grown in the south of Australia, with the majority of production occurring in Victoria. Chestnut production has a strong domestic market focus. Chestnuts are all sold in a fresh in-shell form.

For the year ending June 2018:

- 1,100 t was produced.
- The value of production was \$7.9 m while the wholesale value of the supply was \$9.4 m.
- 16% of Australian households purchased chestnuts, buying an average of 290 g per shopping trip.
- The supply per capita was 45 g, based on the volume supplied.

Chestnut Supply Chain — Year ending June 2018



Sources: AC; Chestnuts Australia Inc. (CAI); CFVIWA; GTA; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)



Sources: AC; CAI; CFVIWA; GTA; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

*Note: Production volume and value have been modified from those published in the previous edition of the handbook (2016/17 version).

Major Chestnut Production Areas

2017/18 Australian Horticulture

Statistics Handbook

Chestnuts are produced in the southern states of Australia, requiring a cooler climate. The major production region is in the north east of Victoria.



Source: CAI







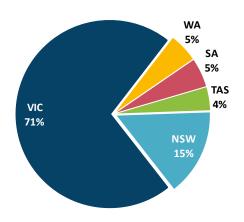








2017/18 Chestnut Production by State



Source: CAI

Chestnut Harvest Season by State (In Shell)

State	17/18 Tonnes	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
New South Wales	165												
Victoria	781												
Western Australia	55												
South Australia	55												
Tasmania	44												
Harvest legend			Har	vest		En	d of I	Harve	st			None	

2017/18 Australian Horticulture

Statistics Handbook

04/03/2019

Source: CAI



 ${\it Images \ on \ pages \ 426 \ to \ 429 \ supplied \ courtesy \ of \ Chestnuts \ Australia \ Inc.}$















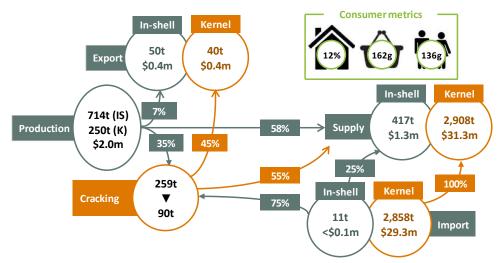
Hazelnut Overview

Hazelnuts are grown in the south of Australia, with production occurring in Victoria and New South Wales. The majority of hazelnuts are cracked and sold in kernel form. Significant plantings by Ferrero of 2,000 hectares, which started in 2014, are beginning to yield.

For the year ending June 2018:

- 714 t of hazelnuts (in-shell weight) was produced with a kernel weight equivalent (KWE) of **250** t.
- The value of production was worth \$2 m while the wholesale value of hazelnuts in-shell and kernel supply was \$43.7 m, which combines local and imported product.
- 12% of Australian households purchased hazelnuts, buying an average of **162** g per shopping trip.
- The supply per capita of in-shell and kernel hazelnuts was 136 g, based on the volume supplied.

Hazelnut Supply Chain—Year Ending June 2018



Sources: AC; CFVIWA; GTA; Hazelnut Growers of Australia (HGA); MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

Year Ending June		2016		201	7		2018		
real Eliuliig Julie	١	/alue	١	/alue	% YoY	1	/alue	% YoY	
Production (KWE t)		170		210	+24%		250	+19%	
Production (\$m)	\$	2.0	\$	2.0	-1%	\$	2.0	<1%	
Production area (Ha)		200		210	+5%		2,200	>100%	
Export Volume (KWE t)		40		23	-43%		58	>100%	
Export Value (\$m)	\$	0.9	\$	0.3	-64%	\$	0.8	>100%	
Import Volume (KWE t)		2,961		3,277	+11%		2,862	-13%	
Import Value (\$m)	\$	44.9	\$	38.0	-15%	\$	29.4	-23%	
Supply (KWE t)		3,091		3,465	+12%		3,055	-12%	
Supply Wholesale Value (\$m)	\$	48.7	\$	43.7	-10%	\$	32.6	-25%	
Supply per Capita (kg)		0.14		0.15	+11%		0.14	-11%	

Sources: AC; CFVIWA; GTA; HGA; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

Major Hazelnut Production Areas

Hazelnuts are produced in the southern states of Australia, requiring a cooler climate. The major production regions are in Myrtleford in Victoria and Orange and the Riverina region in New South Wales



Source: HGA









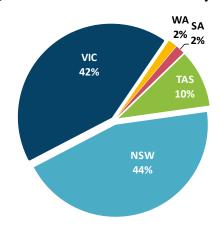


^{*}Note: all volumes quoted in the table above are in KWE.





2017/18 Hazelnut Production by State



Source: HGA

Hazelnut Harvest Season by State (Kernel)

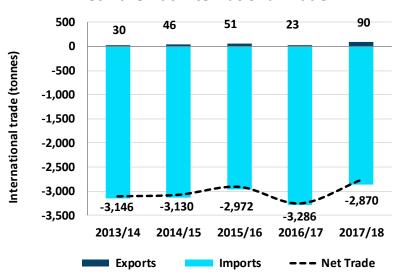
State	17/18 Tonnes	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
New South Wales	111												
Victoria	105												
Western Australia	4												
South Australia	4												
Tasmania	25												
Harvest legend			Har	vest		En	d of I	Harve	st			None	

Source: HGA

Hazelnut International Trade

Australia is a net importer of hazelnuts, with the majority of imports being in kernel form. For the year ending June 2018, Australia exported **90 tonnes** of kernel hazelnuts, while importing **11 tonnes** of in-shell hazelnuts (**<1%** of hazelnut imports) and **2,858 tonnes** of kernel hazelnuts (**99%** of imports). The exports and imports over the last 5 financial years is profiled in the graph to the right, where imports are counted as negative tonnes. The majority of imports are classified as to which country they are sourced from.

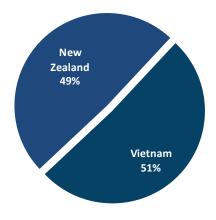
Net Hazelnut International Trade



Source: GTA

For the year ending June 2018, **51%** of exported hazelnuts were sent to Vietnam, as profiled in the chart below.

2017/18 Hazelnut Exports by Country



Source: GTA















Hazelnut Imports and Exports by State (both In-shell and Kernel)

Imports by	state destir	nation (Tonn	es)	Exports by state of production origin (Tonnes)							
Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018	Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018				
New South Wales	1,639	2,044	1,510	New South Wales	-	< 0.5	46				
Victoria	1,163	1,052	1,106	Victoria	44	22	29				
Queensland	150	168	250	Tasmania	-	-	< 0.5				
Western Australia	20	22	4	Other	7	1	15				
Other	-	- 0	-	TOTAL	51	23	90				
TOTAL	2,972	3,286	2,870								

Hazelnut Imports and Exports by Country (both In-shell and Kernel)

Impor	ts by countr	y (Tonnes)		Exports by country (Tonnes)							
Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018	Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018				
Turkey	2,313	2,740	2,803	Vietnam	-	-	46				
US	59	72	64	New Zealand	51	22	44				
Italy	420	334	2	Hong Kong	-	-	< 0.5				
Azerbaijan	-	< 0.5	1	Brunei	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5				
Luxembourg	180	-	-	Sri Lanka	-	1	-				
Other	< 0.5	140	-	Other	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5				
TOTAL	2,972	3,286	2,870	TOTAL	51	23	90				

Source: GTA











04/03/2019







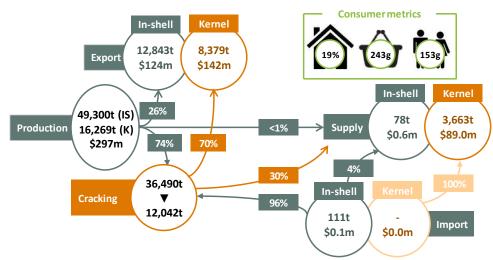
Macadamia Overview

The macadamia industry has benefited from a sound export focused growth agenda and exports 76% of total production. Macadamia production occurs predominantly in northern NSW and Bundaberg. Majority are sold in kernel form, however there are also some export markets that prefer the in shell form.

For the year ending June 2018:

- 49,300 t of macadamias (in-shell weight at 3.5% moisture) was produced with a kernel equivalent yield of 16,269 t.
- The value of production was worth \$297.3 m while the wholesale value of macadamias in-shell and kernel supply was \$89.6 m.
- 19% of Australian households purchased macadamias, buying an average of 243 g per shopping trip.
- The supply per capita of in-shell and kernel macadamias was **153** g, based on the volume supplied.

Macadamia Supply Chain — Year Ending June 2018



Sources: ABS; AC; Australia Macadamia Society (AMS); CFVIWA; GTA; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

Year Ending June		2016		201	7		2018			
real Enaing Julie		Value		Value	% YoY	Value		% YoY		
Production (KWE t)		15,558		15,329	-1%		16,269	+6%		
Production (\$m)	\$	247.3	\$	255.5	+3%	\$	297.3	+16%		
Production area (Ha)		19,000		19,000	-		19,750	+4%		
Export Volume (KWE t)		12,735		12,174	-4%		12,617	+4%		
Export Value (\$m)	\$	253.2	\$	291.0	+15%	\$	266.0	-9%		
Import Volume (KWE t)		482		27	-94%		37	+37%		
Import Value (\$m)	\$	2.8	\$	0.4	-86%	\$	0.1	-69%		
Supply (KWE t)		3,305		3,181	-4%		3,689	+16%		
Supply Wholesale Value (\$m)	\$	81.8	\$	77.4	-5%	\$	89.6	+16%		
Supply per Capita (kg)		0.14		0.13	-6%		0.15	+17%		

Sources: ABS; AC; AMS; CFVIWA; GTA; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

*Note: Export volume, supply volume and supply wholesale value have been modified from those published in the previous edition of the handbook (2016/17 version).

Major Macadamia Production Areas

Macadamias are produced in the northern states of Australia, with production predominantly occurring in the coastal region of northern New South Wales and south east Queensland. Major production areas include the **Northern Rivers region** of New South Wales and the **Bundaberg region** of Queensland.



Source: AMS









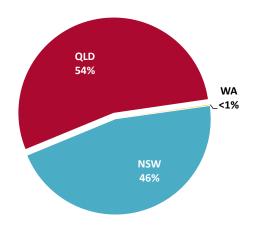








2017/18 Macadamia Production by State



Source: AMS

Macadamia Harvest Season by State (Kernel)

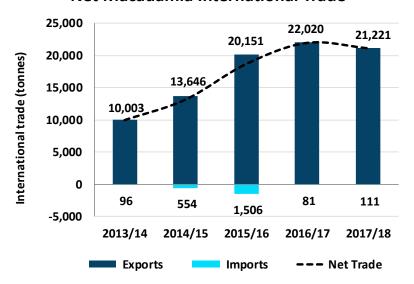
State	17/18 Tonnes	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
New South Wales	7,484												
Queensland	8,774												
Western Australia	12												
Harvest legend			Harv	vest		En	d of I	Harve	est			None	

Source: AMS

Macadamia International Trade

Australia is a net exporter of macadamias, with a small volume of imports, predominantly in-shell. For the year ending June 2018, Australia exported 12,843 tonnes of macadamias in-shell and 8,379 tonnes of macadamia kernels, and imported 111 tonnes of macadamias in-shell. When exports are assessed on a kernel equivalent yield (accounting for the heavier individual weight of in-shell macadamias), 66% of exported macadamias were in a kernel form. The exports and imports over the last 5 financial years is profiled in the graph to the right, where imports are counted as negative tonnes. A large proportion of imports and exports are classified by their country of origin.

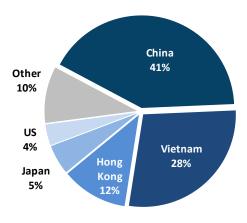
Net Macadamia International Trade



Sources: AMS; GTA

For the year ending June 2018, 41% of exported macadamia nuts were sent to China, as profiled in the chart below.

2017/18 Macadamia Exports by Country



Sources: AMS: GTA













Macadamia Imports and Exports by State (both In-shell and Kernel)

Imports by	state destir	nation (Tonn	es)	Exports by state of production origin (Tonnes)							
Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018	Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018				
Queensland	1,506	81	111	New South Wales	3,545	10,776	13,099				
Other	2,433	2,200	1,827	Queensland	2,213	16,291	12,554				
TOTAL	3,939	2,281	1,938	Victoria	37	69	22				
				South Australia	-	-	< 0.5				
				Western Australia	3	69	-				
				Other	< 0.5						
				TOTAL 24,308 28,378							

Macadamia Imports and Exports by Country (both In-shell and Kernel)

Impor	ts by countr	y (Tonnes)		Exports by country (Tonnes)							
Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018	Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018				
Unidentified	2,433	2,067	1,693	China	7,614	8,278	10,666				
Hong Kong	-	46	82	Vietnam	37	9,604	7,230				
Malawi	-	17	52	Hong Kong	459	5,777	2,968				
US	-	1	< 0.5	Japan	1,176	1,434	1,336				
Kenya	-	59	-	US	684	716	943				
Other	1,506	92	112	Other	14,338	2,569	2,533				
TOTAL	3,939	2,281	1,938	TOTAL	24,308	28,378	25,675				

Source: GTA









04/03/2019

Statistics Handbook

Pecans



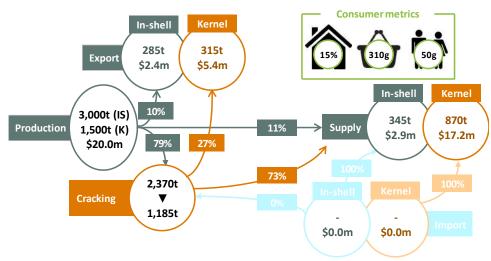
Pecan Overview

Pecan production is centred in northern New South Wales and south-eastern Queensland. The majority of pecans are sold domestically in kernel form, however there is a small export market.

For the year ending June 2018:

- 3,000 t of pecans (in-shell weight) was produced with a kernel weight equivalent weight of 1,500 t.
- The value of production was worth \$20 m while the wholesale value of pecans in-shell and kernel supply was \$20.1 m.
- 15% of Australian households purchased pecans, buying an average of 310 g per shopping trip.
- The supply per capita of in-shell and kernel pecans was **50** g, based on the volume supplied.

Pecan Supply Chain—Year Ending June 2018



Sources: AC; Australian Pecan Growers Association (APGA); CFVIWA; GTA; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

Year Ending June		2016		201	7	2018			
real Litting Julie	١	/alue	١	/alue	% YoY	١	/alue	% YoY	
Production (KWE t)		2,012		1,482	-26 %		1,500	+1%	
Production (\$m)	\$	24.2	\$	18.5	- 24 %	\$	20.0	+8%	
Production area (Ha)		1,550		1,550	-		1,550	-	
Export Volume (KWE t)		729		676	- 7 %		458	-32%	
Export Value (\$m)	\$	10.6	\$	11.0	+4%	\$	7.8	-29%	
Import Volume (KWE t)		-		-	-		-	-	
Import Value (\$m)	\$	-	\$	-	-	\$	-	-	
Supply (KWE t)		1,283		806	- 37 %		1,042	+29%	
Supply Wholesale Value (\$m)	\$	18.6	\$	16.2	-13%	\$	20.1	+24%	
Supply per Capita (kg)		0.05		0.03	-38%		0.05	+50%	

Sources: AC; APGA; CFVIWA; GTA; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

Major Pecan Production Areas

Pecans are predominantly produced in New South Wales, with the majority of production occurring in the **Gwydir Valley** in northern inland New South Wales.



Source: APGA











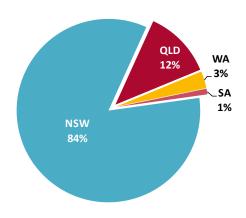


^{*}Note: all volumes quoted in the table above are in KWE.





2017/18 Pecan Production by State



Source: APGA

Pecan Harvest Season by State (In-shell)

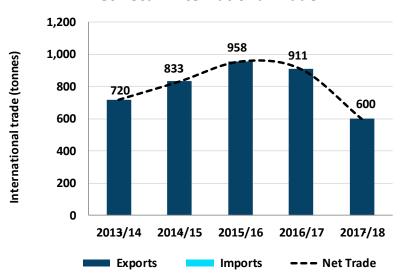
State	17/18 Tonnes	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
New South Wales	2,520												
Queensland	360												
Western Australia	90												
South Australia	30												
Harvest legend			Han	vest		En	d of I	Harve	est			None	!

Source: APGA

Pecan International Trade

Australia is a net exporter of pecans, with the majority of exports being in in-shell form. For the year ending June 2018, Australia exported 285 tonnes of in-shell pecans (48% of pecan exports) and 315 tonnes of kernel pecans (52% of exports). The exports over the last 5 financial years is profiled in the graph to the right, where imports are counted as negative tonnes.

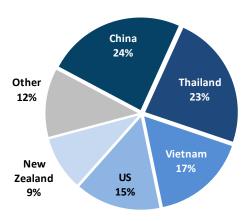
Net Pecan International Trade



Source: GTA

For the year ending June 2018, 24% of exported pecans were sent to the China, as profiled in the chart below.

2017/18 Pecan Exports by Country



Source: GTA















Pecan Exports by State (both In-shell and Kernel)

Exports by sta	te of produc	tion origin (1	Fonnes)
Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018
New South Wales	841	820	499
Victoria	22	15	48
Queensland	92	70	46
Other	2	6	7
TOTAL	958	911	600

Pecan Exports by Country (both In-shell and Kernel)

Ехро	rts by countr	y (Tonnes)	
Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018
China	95	163	144
Thailand	1	23	141
Vietnam	517	261	100
US	219	277	89
New Zealand	25	19	56
Other	100	167	72
TOTAL	958	911	600

Source: GTA



2017/18 Australian Horticulture

Statistics Handbook

04/03/2019









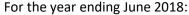






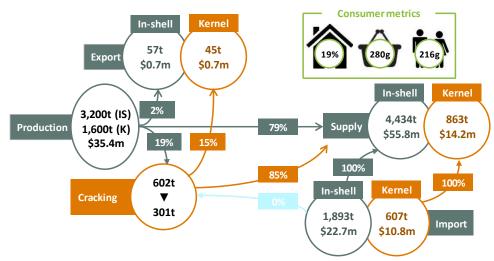
Pistachios Overview

Pistachios are grown in the south of Australia, with the majority of production occurring in Victoria. Pistachio production follows a biennial pattern with high and low years and are predominately sold in-shell.



- 3,200 t of pistachios (in-shell weight) was produced with a kernel weight equivalent of 1,600 t.
- The value of Australian production was worth \$35.4 m.
- The wholesale value of pistachios in-shell and kernel supply was \$70 m.
- 19% of Australian households purchased pistachios, buying an average of 280 g per shopping trip.
- The supply per capita of in-shell and kernel pistachios was **216** g, based on the volume supplied.

Pistachio Supply Chain — Year Ending June 2018



Sources: AC; CFVIWA; GTA; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

Year Ending June		2016		201	7	2018			
real Eliuliig Julie	\	Value		/alue	% YoY	\	/alue	% YoY	
Production (ISWE t)		2,000		1,600	-20%		3,200	+100%	
Production (\$m)	\$	32.2	\$	19.0	-41%	\$	35.4	+86%	
Production area (Ha)		1,100		1,200	+9%		1,200	-	
Export Volume (t)		300		127	-58%		102	-20%	
Export Value (\$m)	\$	4.6	\$	1.8	-61%	\$	1.4	-20%	
Import Volume (t)		1,894		2,340	+24%		2,499	+7%	
Import Value (\$m)	\$	35.1	\$	32.3	-8%	\$	33.5	+4%	
Supply (t)		3,318		3,662	+10%		5,297	+45%	
Supply Wholesale Value (\$m)	\$	61.3	\$	51.1	-17%	\$	70.0	+37%	
Supply per Capita (kg)		0.14		0.15	+9%		0.22	+45%	

Sources: AC; CFVIWA; GTA; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

Major Pistachio Production Areas

The major production areas are along the **Murray River Valley** between Swan Hill in Victoria and **Waikerie** in South Australia. Further plantings are in central west Victoria and Pinnaroo, South Australia. There are also a small number of growers in central NSW; southern Victoria and Western Australia.



Sources: ANIC; (Freshlogic Analysis)









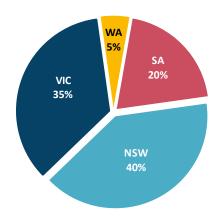








2017/18 Pistachio Production by State



Source: (Freshlogic Analysis)

Pistachio Harvest Season by State (In-shell)

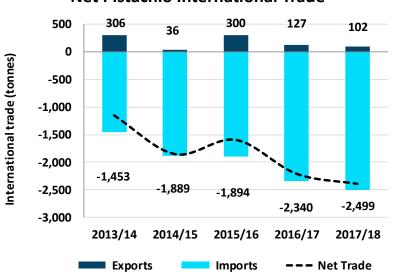
State	17/18 Tonnes	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
New South Wales	1,280												
Victoria	1,120												
Western Australia	160												
South Australia	South Australia 640												
Harvest legend			Har	vest		En	d of I	Harve	st			None	

Source: (Freshlogic Analysis)

Pistachio International Trade

Australia is a net importer of pistachios, with the majority of imports being in inshell form. For the year ending June 2018, Australia exported **57 tonnes** of inshell pistachios (**54%** of pistachio exports) and **45 tonnes** of kernel pistachios (**46%** of exports), while importing **1,893 tonnes** of in-shell pistachios (**76%** of pistachio imports) and **607** tonnes of kernel pistachios (**24%** of imports). The exports and imports over the last 5 financial years is profiled in the graph to the right, where imports are counted as negative tonnes. A large proportion of imports are classified as to which country they are sourced from.

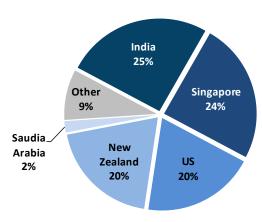
Net Pistachio International Trade



Source: GTA; (Freshlogic Analysis)

For the year ending June 2018, **25%** of exported pistachios were sent to India, as profiled in the chart below.

2017/18 Pistachio Exports by Country



Source: GTA; (Freshlogic Analysis)



















Pistachio Imports and Exports by State (both In-shell and Kernel)

Imports by	state destir	nation (Tonn	es)	Exports by state of production origin (Tonnes)							
Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018	Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018				
Victoria	609	1,090	1,909	South Australia	14	< 0.5	41				
New South Wales	313	402	317	Victoria	232	118	20				
South Australia	269	142	161	New South Wales	1	1	5				
Queensland	119	78	106	Queensland	< 0.5	-	< 0.5				
Western Australia	4	25	6	Other	53	7	36				
Other	580	603	< 0.5	TOTAL	300	127	102				
TOTAL	1,894	2,340	2,499								

Pistachio Imports and Exports by Country (both In-shell and Kernel)

Impor	ts by countr	y (Tonnes)		Exports by country (Tonnes)							
Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018	Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018				
US	835	1,392	2,243	India	27	13	26				
Iran	314	295	225	Singapore	-	< 0.5	25				
UAE	-	2	16	US	-	-	20				
Jordan	-	-	13	New Zealand	57	20	20				
Turkey	137	32	1	Saudia Arabia	-	-	2				
Other	608	620	1	Other	217	94	9				
TOTAL	1,894	2,340	2,499	TOTAL	300	127	102				

Source: GTA; (Freshlogic Analysis)

















Walnuts



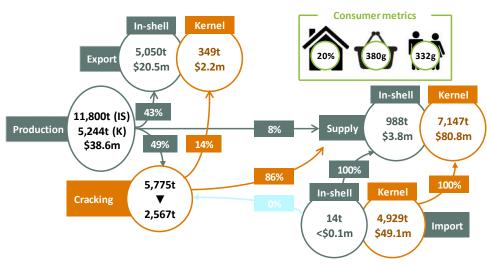
Walnuts Overview

Walnuts are grown across Australia, with the majority of production occurring in New South Wales. Walnuts have a strong export focus, with a moderate volume of the Australian production being sold locally in-shell.

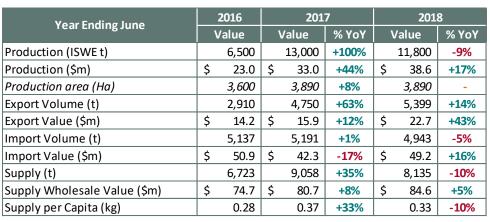
For the year ending June 2018:

- 11,800 t of walnuts (in-shell weight) was produced with a kernel weight equivalent of 5,244 t.
- The value of production was worth \$38.6 m while the wholesale value of walnuts in-shell and kernel supply was \$84.6 m.
- 20% of Australian households purchased walnuts, buying an average of 380 g per shopping trip.
- The supply per capita of in-shell and kernel walnuts was 332 g, based on the volume supplied.

Walnut Supply Chain — Year Ending June 2018



Sources: AC; CFVIWA; GTA; Australian Walnut Industry Association (AWIA); MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)



Sources: AC; CFVIWA; GTA; AWIA; MP & DD (Freshlogic Analysis)

Major Walnut Production Areas

Walnuts are produced in the southern states of Australia, with the majority of production occurring in New South Wales. Major production regions include the **Riverina** in NSW; the **Goulburn Valley** and **Murray Irrigation Area** of Victoria; and the **Swansea region** in Tasmania.











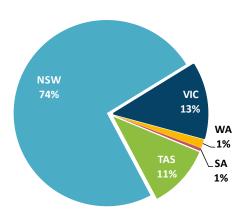


^{*}Note: Supply and Supply Wholesale Value have been modified from those published in the previous edition of the handbook (2016/17 version).





2017/18 Walnut Production by State



Source: WalA

Walnuts Harvest Season by State (In-shell)

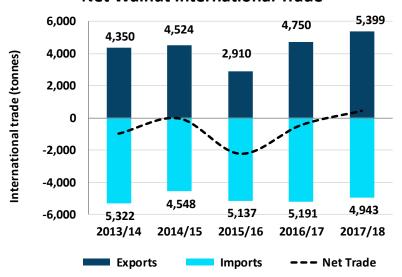
State	17/18 Tonnes	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
New South Wales	8,732												
Victoria	1,534												
Western Australia	177												
South Australia	59												
Tasmania	1,298												
Harvest legend			Har	vest		En	d of I	Harve	st			None	

Source: AWIA

Walnuts International Trade

Australia has traditionally been a net importer of walnuts, although exports have been growing in recent years. For the year ending June 2018, Australia exported 5,050 tonnes of in-shell walnuts (94% of walnuts exports) and 349 tonnes of kernel walnuts (6% of exports), while importing 14 tonnes of in-shell walnuts (<1% of walnut imports) and 4,929 tonnes of kernel walnuts (99% of imports). The exports and imports over the last 5 financial years is profiled in the graph to the right, where imports are counted as negative tonnes. A large proportion of imports are classified as to which country they are sourced from.

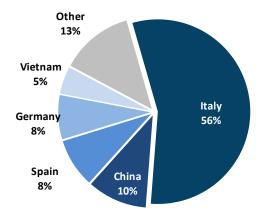
Net Walnut International Trade



Source: GTA

For the year ending June 2018, **56%** of exported walnuts were sent to Italy, as profiled in the chart below.

2017/18 Walnut Exports by Country



Source: GTA















Walnut Imports and Exports by State (both In-shell and Kernel)

Imports by state destination (Tonnes)				Exports by state of production origin (Tonnes)			
Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018	Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018
Victoria	31	2,995	3,285	New South Wales	2,881	4,663	5,341
New South Wales	< 0.5	1,480	1,055	Victoria	22	61	58
Queensland	-	354	321	Queensland	2	2	< 0.5
South Australia	-	264	199	Western Australia	< 0.5	1	-
Western Australia	1	98	83	Other	6	22	< 0.5
Other	5,105	-	-	TOTAL	2,910	4,750	5,399
TOTAL	5,137	5,191	4,943				

Walnut Imports and Exports by Country (both In-shell and Kernel)

Imports by country (Tonnes)				Exports by country (Tonnes)			
Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018	Year Ending June	2016	2017	2018
US	32	4,936	4,552	Italy	1,286	1,607	3,006
China	< 0.5	38	217	China	186	76	564
Chile	-	167	113	Spain	-	457	463
Moldova	-	20	20	Germany	468	451	419
Romania	-	-	20	Vietnam	38	150	259
Other	5,105	29	21	Other	931	2,008	689
TOTAL	5,137	5,191	4,943	TOTAL	2,910	4,750	5,399

Source: GTA











